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Macau, 26th July, 1907. 1266

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Hongkong, 29th July, 1907.

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All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

No anonymous or signed communications that have already appeared in other papers will be inserted.

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The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, JULY 30th, 1907.

There are two ways of looking at it. Either the lawyers of Hongkong are not up-to-date, or they have sufficient commonsense to avoid importing into local legal proceedings the absurdities of ultra-modern humbug. The second view is the one we adopt. We are alluding to murder trials, and the special defence of a special type of insanity with which the forensic genius of America has familiarized us. Some time ago we reported a Singapore murder case, in which a soldier fatally stabbed a comrade in barracks and wounded another. A recent issue of the *Strait Times* informs us that the trial of the murderer was still proceeding on July 18th, and that the best part of two days was devoted to "expert" discussion of the theory of "brain storms." In addition to its important bearing on the maintenance of law, order, and public safety, the discussion has some interest for people resident in the tropics, as illustrating the risks we are all supposed to run. The advocate for the defence at Singapore, who introduced medical witnesses to explain to the jury the frequency and peculiarities of "brain storms," said something, in the course of a technical objection, to the effect that the proceedings were degenerating into a Gilbertian farce. The Judge said: "Don't talk nonsense." That was not the correct retort to make. In our opinion, his Lordship should have admitted the impetuousness, and informed the orator that it was he (the counsel for the defence) who

was doing it. When the defence suggested that "complete absence of motive for a crime might be prima facie evidence of lunacy," his Lordship very properly remarked that if that were so, society would not be safe. We wish to go further, and to say here that if this wave of sentimentalism is not dammed,—if the "brain storm" idea as patented in America for the benefit of a millionaire murderer is to be incorporated into British law,—society will be still further from safety; and we may have to revert to the early conditions of the vendetta in order to discourage homicidal. It is marvellous how complacently men can cite insanity to account for unpleasant features of life. We are all potential murderers: civilization has not eradicated the instinct, the impulse to slay, which inevitably follows certain natural emotions common to us all. It has, however, given us all a lively consciousness of the conditions in which we associate with our fellows, the terms upon which we are allowed to enjoy the benefits of such association. The communal contract is that we agree not to molest in order that we may go unmolested: the Mosaic law was not so much a supernatural revelation and command as a natural, fundamental principle of co-operation. The inevitable consequences of breach by any unit, long inculcated, alone made unity possible. Now there are people who for various reasons would have us abandon that safeguard. It is a pity they cannot be introduced to a community where their sentiments prevail; in such case, the race of sentimentalists would soon become extinct.

It may be noted that the Singapore discussion was quite as irritating as the farce of the Thaw trial. Several times the platitudinous cynicism that all men are mad was expressed in varying phrase, and Dr W. G. Ellis, the medical superintendent of the Singapore Lunatic Asylum, clinched the whole matter by saying, under cross-examination: "I would pronounce no man to be sane." This was received with laughter. Exactly. It is a popular joke, and we are in danger of overlooking the mischief of perpetuating error in fun. Not Dr. Ellis, not the Judge, not one of the lawyers, nor one of the jury, would seriously admit any doubt of his own sanity, although he does not mind doing so by way of a joke. If when serious we all claim to be sane, what do we mean by sanity? The definition does not involve the sort of opinions or beliefs we severally hold, or the more earnest and enthusiastic of us would be busy trying to secure the incarceration of those who differ from us. By sanity we probably mean capacity for self-control, and the plea of insanity should be rigorously confined to the cases of those manifestly unable to control their passions. The only peculiarity to be noted in the case of the Singapore soldier was that the pupils of his eyes reacted somewhat sluggishly. Otherwise, the doctors could find no "indications" of insanity. A man of previous good character, he had run "amok," without any apparent motive—therefore, the assumption was, he must be insane. The same loose assumption is popular in the case of suicides. Because somebody does some extraordinary thing for which we ourselves have no present inclination, the poor fellow must be insane. In the tropics, according to the Singapore experts, we are liable to "brain storms." The sun does it; sometimes alcohol helps. People with a certain shape of head [brac]cephalic] were not strong minded; they were more liable to brain storms. One of the experts is reported to have testified as follows:

The headache, sleeplessness and stolid condition were departures from the normal, also the deep sleep, or unconsciousness of the night, followed by a disappearance of the headache in the morning. This would show he had passed through a brain storm. A sane person, he said, after seven years of soldiering, would have used his weapons in a different way to that of the accused. Then again, prisoner did not stay to further attack the man lying at his mercy, but ran after the other. It was the same impulse for rapid movement as they found in all cases of amok. The absence of motive for crime strengthened the hands of the profession in the belief that the criminal was insane. He submitted the man's unconsciousness was particularly deep and past the stage of alcoholism.

To have a headache which disturbs repose, and afterwards to drop into a profound slumber, from which we awake feeling somewhat stupid—that seems a common enough experience. If we then go out in a bad temper—a by no means rare phenomenon known for generations as "getting out of the wrong side of the bed"—and bit a policeman, we have only to allege a passing "brain storm" to be absolved of blame. How convenient for persons with uncontrolled tempers; and

how inconvenient for the rest! We are not denying the existence of "brain storms." Every violent emotion may be so described. The man dressing to catch the Peak Train, who cannot find a shirt with a button on it, and who swears at the "boy," may be said to have gone through a brain storm. What we say is that it should not be a sufficient excuse for him if he murders the "boy."

The new Attorney-General, Mr. W. Ross Davies, arrived by the *Empress of Japan* on Sunday.

The plague totals at date are 200 cases, 185 deaths. There were seven during the week just closed, and five yesterday.

The following telegram was received at the Colonial Secretariat yesterday:—Quarantine imposed against Hongkong by Amoy.

Consequent on the arrival of the new Attorney-General, Mr. H. H. J. Gompertz yesterday went back to the Magistracy, and Mr. P. A. Hazeland reverted to the Second Court.

His Excellency the Governor and Lady Lugard will be "at home" at Mountain Lodge on Saturday the 3rd August at 4.30 p.m. Visitors are requested to bring cards, to be handed to the Aide-de-Camp in waiting.

The books for the signatures of persons calling upon His Excellency the Governor and Lady Lugard will be moved from Government House to Mountain Lodge on Friday the 2nd proximo, not on Sunday the 4th proximo, as previously notified.

A French company which manufactures Portland Cement at Haiphong, in Tonkin, has got on so well that it now finds itself in a position to export the article to China, Siam, the Philippines, Japan, and S. Arabia. But its chances of earning profit there against formidable trade rivals in the field are small, owing to cement being burdened with an export duty of two per cent. in Indo-China. The Minister for the Colonies has been asked to remit the duty to enable the Company to make head in foreign market.

Some sensation has been aroused at Saigon by the discovery that the officers of the two Chinese cruisers, which visited that port lately, had distributed a proclamation among the Chinese in that quarter, expressing alarm at the designs of Japan, and calling upon all Chinese living abroad to make common cause with their compatriots in the homeland. The following passage in the document rather lacks courtesy towards France: "The Empire is passing through hard times. Its neighbours are both powerful and overbearing. Uneasiness on this point prevails even in the palace of the Empress-Dowager."

The United States District Court has issued subpoenas for the attendance of Messrs. John Rockefeller, William Rockefeller, John D. Archbold, Harry Rogers, and other officials of the Standard Oil Company. This action is the result of the refusal of the attorneys of the Standard Oil Company to supply the Judge with information regarding the financial condition of the company. The latter had been found guilty of taking advantage of illegal freight rates tendered to it by the Chicago and Alton Railroad. The Judge desired the information as a basis for fixing the amount of the fine to be imposed.

A singular missionary trouble is reported to the Foreign Affairs Board at Peking from the province of Yunnan. An American missionary, whose name reads Tei Ming in Chinese, arrived recently at the city of Tali, and sought to reside there. On the local mandarin objecting to it, a dispute arose in the course of which the missionary fired a revolver shot at an officer. The Viceroy of the province reported the matter to the Board and asked for instructions. The Board directed him to turn over the missionary to the nearest American Consul, says an exchange.

"General" Booth, discussing the Japanese with an interviewer, said "in their ascendancy they are going too far in Westernising themselves. The West is to be a paradise. They even have their Suffragettes. But drink and gambling are the two demons that are waiting to pounce upon them. Japan has lessons to learn from us and we have lessons to learn from her. She is full of contradictions. There the children do not go to school without their breakfast. There you will see none without shoes and stockings. You never see a child or a woman that is not decently dressed. Everywhere the men are struggling into civilisation by means of trousers." He said many other things equally foolish.

A German military review announces that the reorganisation of the Chinese Army, begun in 1902, has made good progress so far. There are now eight homogeneous divisions of new troops; of these divisions, the 1st and 3rd are at Pao-Ting-Foo, the 2nd is at Chau-Hai-Kwan, the 4th is at Ma-Chang, the 5th is at Tai-Nan-Foo, the 6th is in Peking, the 7th is at Chen-Tee-Foo, and the 8th is in the maritime province of Kwan-tung. The 2nd and 4th Divisions remain under the supreme command of Yuan-chi-kai, although he has been appointed Governor of Southern Manchuria. The remaining six divisions are directly under the Minister of War, who also has charge of the troops organised at Wochan, Nankin, and Fochow. So long as the troops are paid regularly, as has been the case now for some years, the success of the military reforms will be assured. A significant feature, which was quite lacking in the former provincial troops, is the fact that the Minister of War is now engaged in arranging a permanent Budget for the Army. For reasons of economy, the Army manoeuvres on a large scale, similar to the manoeuvres of 1905 and 1906, will not be held this year.

## TELEGRAMS.

["DAILY PRESS" EXCLUSIVE SERVICE.]

## TROUBLE IN GERMAN AFRICA.

LONDON, July 29th.

Disturbances have occurred in the German Cameroons.

## THE PEKING TO PARIS MOTOR RACE.

LONDON, July 29th.

Prince Borghese has arrived at Moscow.

## RIOTING IN BELFAST.

LONDON, July 29th.

Serious rioting has occurred in Belfast, and the police are found to be disaffected.

## THE RAND STRIKE.

LONDON, July 29th.

The Rand strike is ended.

## RUSSO-JAPANESE AGREEMENT.

LONDON, July 29th.

The Russo-Japanese agreement has been signed.

## FIRE ON CONEY ISLAND.

LONDON, July 29th.

A fire has broken out on Coney Island. About one third of the residences are destroyed.

## JAPAN AND KOREA.

TOKYO, July 29th.

Viscount Hayashi, the Japanese Minister for Foreign Affairs, is returning to Japan. Continuous reports are being made of disturbances in the provinces but these disturbances are not considered serious organised risings. Press law regulations for the preservation of peace are being promulgated.

## LATER.

Viscount Hayashi, in a speech made prior to leaving Seoul said that matters had arrived at such a pass in Korea as to make it necessary that a new treaty should be drawn up. It was not surprising that foreigners thought the convention would have made the Resident-General an uncrowned king of Korea, as all the Powers fully expected that Japan would annex the country. The Minister believed the treaty would be perfectly acceptable to the whole world, and hoped that affairs henceforth would improve, and that the world would recognise the same success arising out of Japan's policy in Korea as had been accomplished through the policy adopted by England in Egypt.

## [REUTER'S SERVICE.]

## THE HAGUE CONFERENCE.

LONDON, July 27th.

The Hague Conference has held a debate on the British proposal for the abolition of contraband. The proposal was opposed by France, Russia, the United States, and Germany. Lord Reay expressed surprise at the attitude of the United States; quoting American State documents showing that the United States had formerly urged the abolition of contraband. General Porter replying to Lord Reay, said that he preferred the modern policy of President Roosevelt to the ancient and out of date policy quoted by Lord Reay.

## DOCK DIVIDEND.

Subject to audit, the Directors of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company, Limited, will recommend at the forthcoming meeting a dividend of 8% = \$400 per share; pass \$100,000 to special account; and carry forward about \$400,000.

## FOR THE LADIES' BENEVOLENT FUND.

Mr. H. Bilow Drikke, the new superintendent of the Great Northern Telegraph Company, (in succession to Mr. Oht Nielsen, who goes home this week) has been authorized to hand over a sum of money derived from recent local litigation to a local charity. If the lady at present acting as treasurer to the above institution will communicate name and address to us, we will be pleased to hand over the amount entrusted to us.

## NEW GOVERNOR ASSUMES OFFICE.

The ceremony of swearing in the new Governor, which took place at the Council Chamber yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, was conducted with impressiveness in the presence of the members of the Legislative and Executive Councils, and a number of leading citizens.

Sir Frederick and Lady Lugard, accompanied by Captain Taylor, A.D.C., and Miss Brackenbury, left Mountain Lodge about half past nine and came down by tram to the Station in Garden Road. Here they entered chairs, and under the usual police escort proceeded to the Council Chamber, the route to which was lined by police. On the arrival of the gubernatorial party at the Government Offices the guard of honour composed of 100 rank and file of the Royal Garrison Artillery, under the command of Captain Whitehead, presented arms, and the band of the 119th Infantry played the National Anthem. His Excellency inspected the guard of honour, Lady Lugard and Miss Brackenbury having in the meanwhile proceeded to the Council Chamber. Sir Frederick was met at the decorated entrance by the Hon. Mr. May, and accompanied by His Excellency the General Officer Commanding, ascended the crimson cloth-covered stairs, and was conducted to his seat at the head of the Council table. Seated on his right hand was the Chief Justice, behind whom was the Puisne Judge, while on his left were Lady Lugard and Miss Brackenbury. Round the table sat the Hon. Mr. F. H. May, Hon. Mr. A. M. Thomson, Hon. Mr. Wai Yeh, Hon. Mr. W. Chatham, Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, Hon. Mr. F. J. Rodley, Hon. Mr. H. Kewick, Hon. Mr. E. Osborne, Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewitt, Sir Paul Chater, Hon. Dr. J. M. Atkinson, Hon. Dr. Ho Kai and the Hon. Mr. W. R. Davies, the new Attorney-General. There were also present Sir Henry Berkeley, Commodore Stoker, Van Arckdeken Banister, Mrs. May and other.

The Clerk of Councils, Mr. A. G. M. Fletcher, read the Commission as follows: EDWARD the Seventh, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India: To Our Trusty and Well-beloved Sir FREDERICK JOHN DEALTRY LUGARD, Lieutenant-General of the Retired List of our Army, having the Brevet Rank of Colonel, Knight Commander of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Companion of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Companion of Our Distinguished Service Order, Greeting.

WE do, by this Our Commission under Our Sign Manual and Signet, appoint you, the said Sir FREDERICK JOHN DEALTRY LUGARD to be during Our pleasure Our Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over One Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, with all the powers, rights, privileges, and advantages to the said Office belonging or appertaining.

II. And We do hereby authorize, empower, and command you to exercise and perform all and singular the powers and directions contained in certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Our United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief of our said Colony and its Dependencies, bearing date at Westminster the Nineteenth day of January 1885, or in any other Letter Patent adding to, amending or substituting for the same, according to such Orders and Instructions as Our said Governor and Commander-in-Chief for the time being hath already received, and to such further Orders and Instructions as you may hereafter receive from Us.

III. And further. We do hereby appoint that so soon as you shall have taken the prescribed oaths and have entered upon the duties of your office, this Our present Commission shall supersede the Commission under Our Sign Manual and Signet bearing date, the 21st day of September, 1903, appointing Our Trusty and well-beloved Sir Matthew Nathan, Major in Our Corps of Royal Engineers, now Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel in our Army, Knight Commander of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief of our said Colony and its Dependencies.

IV. And We do hereby command all and singular Our Officers, Ministers, and loving subjects in Our said Colony and its Dependencies, and all others whom it may concern, to take due notice hereof, and to give their ready obedience accordingly.

Given at Our Court at Saint James's this First day of May 1907, in the Seventh year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,

ELGIN.

HONGKONG. Commission passed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, appointing Colonel Sir FREDERICK JOHN DEALTRY LUGARD, K.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O., to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies.

EDWARD R. AND I.

Dated 1st day of May, 1907.

THE OATHS.

Sir FRANCIS PIGOTT then administered the oaths as follows:—

Oath of Allegiance.

I, Sir FREDERICK JOHN DEALTRY LUGARD, do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King Edward the Seventh, his heirs and successors according to law.

So help me God.

(Sd.) FRANCIS T. PIGOTT, Chief Justice.

(Sd.) FREDERICK JOHN DEALTRY LUGARD, Governor, etc.

29th July, 1907.

## Oath of Office.

I, Sir FREDERICK JOHN DEALTRY LUGARD, do swear that I will well and truly serve His Majesty King, Edward the Seventh, in the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief. So help me God.

(Sd.) FRANCIS T. PIGOTT, Chief Justice.

(Sd.) FREDERICK JOHN DEALTRY LUGARD, Governor, etc.

29th July, 1907.

Judicial Oath.

I, Sir FREDERICK JOHN DEALTRY LUGARD, do swear that I will well and truly serve our Sovereign King Edward the Seventh in the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief, and I will do right to all manner of people after the laws and usages of this Colony, without fear or favour, affection or ill-will. So help me God.

(Sd.) FRANCIS T. PIGOTT, Chief Justice.

(Sd.) FREDERICK JOHN DEALTRY LUGARD, Governor, etc.

29th July, 1907.

As soon as the signatures had been appended the band struck up a stanza of the National Anthem the strains of which had scarcely died away when the boom of the Artillery salute reached the ears of the assemblage, and punctuated the address of His Excellency, which was as follows:—

GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS.

Gentlemen, I feel very deeply the high honour which our Sovereign has conferred upon me in calling me to this high office to administer the affairs of this most important Colony, and I feel the deep sense of responsibility which that position carries with it. Whatever success I may achieve will depend solely upon my ability to enlist the cordial support and co-operation, not only of the people and distinguished members of the Colonial Government, but also of those distinguished and experienced merchants and others representing its commercial and business interests; also those who represent the large section of the Chinese population, our fellow subjects. That co-operation will grow of itself, if we credit each other with the same desire for the welfare of the community, and in the performance of our duty as it presents itself to us. It is at once my privilege, and, of course, a misgiving to me, that I should succeed here one of the ablest servants of the Crown, whose devotion to work, high ideals and standards of duty, and exceptional ability make Sir Matthew Nathan a difficult man to follow. But it shall be my earnest endeavour, gentlemen, to carry on the administration and to maintain these high ideals and standards of duty so that I may be able to render as good an account of my stewardship when the time comes (applause).

The proceedings in the Council Chamber here terminated, and as His Excellency and suite emerged from the passage of the Government Offices, the guard of honour came to the salute, while the band again struck up the National Anthem. The gubernatorial party then proceeded to Mountain Lodge.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S FIRST DAY'S WORK.

The following announcements appeared in a Government Gazette extra yesterday:—

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint Captain Percy Henry Mitchell Taylor, 32nd Lancers, Indian Army, to be his Aide-de-Camp, with effect from this date; to appoint Jemadar Muhammad Khan, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis, to be his Honorary Aide-de-Camp, with effect from this date; to appoint William Rees Davies to be Attorney-General, in succession to Sir Henry Spencer Berkeley, Knight, resigned, with effect from this date; to appoint Henry Hussy Johnston Gompertz to act as First Police Magistrate, with effect from this date; to appoint Edward Dudley Corcoran Wolfe to act as Registrar-General, in addition to his other duties, during the absence of the Honourable Mr. Arthur Winbolt Brown on leave, or until further notice; to appoint Charles McIlwaine, Member Assistant Land Officer, to act as Postmaster-General, with effect from this date; and to appoint Stewart Buckle Carne Ross, Cadet, to act as Assistant Land Officer and Police Magistrate in the Northern District of the New Territories, with effect from this date.

The same issue announces that His Excellency the Governor will hold a Levée at Government House on Thursday, the 1st August, at 5 o'clock p.m. Each gentleman is requested to bring with him a card to be handed to the Aide-de-Camp in waiting. The Private Entrance will commence fifteen minutes before the General Levée; and may be attended by the Judges by the Bishops, by the members of both Councils, by the Heads of the Government Departments, by the Consular Representatives of Foreign Powers, and by Naval and Military Officers of Field or corresponding rank. Either Morning or Evening Dress should be worn, except in cases where gentlemen may elect to attend in uniform, when Full Dress should be worn.

## WEATHER REPORT.

The Hongkong Observatory yesterday issued the following report:—

On the 29th at 11.55 a.m.—The barometer has fallen slightly on the E. coast of China. A shallow area of low pressure appears to be lying over the Lower Yangtze, and pressure is highest over the Philippines.

Moderate to fresh S. monsoon is expected to prevail in the Formosa Channel, and the N. part of the China Sea.

The Japanese returns are lacking this morning.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon to-day is as follows:—

Hongkong & Neighbourhood	S.W. winds, moderate or fresh; equally showery.
Formosa Channel	S. winds, fresh.
South coast of China between Hongkong and Lanchow	Same as No. 1.
South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan	Same as No. 2.



## SUPREME COURT.

Monday, 29th July.

## IN BANKRUPTCY.

BEFORE MR. A. G. WISE (PUNISH JUDGE).

## APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE.

The application for the discharge of Shan Choung again came on for hearing. Mr. Goldring (of Messrs. Goldring and Barlow) appeared for the debtor, Mr. J. Scott Harston (of Messrs. Evans and Harston) for Messrs. Shawan, Tones and Co., creditors, and Mr. O. D. Thomson, for the petitioning creditor.

His Lordship said he would not grant the discharge except on certain terms.

Mr. Goldring—The terms agreed upon are that judgment should be entered against the debtor, and that he pay 30 per cent of his future earnings.

His Lordship—If I discharge the man how are you going to get his profits? That is what I pointed out before.

Mr. Goldring—The suggestion is Mr. Harston's, and my client is agreeable to it.

His Lordship—I am not going to make such an order. I will suspend his discharge.

Mr. Goldring—It is quite satisfactory to me, but perhaps your Lordship would like to hear Mr. Harston on the matter.

His Lordship—Mr. Harston should be here. If I suspend the order of discharge I can make no order as to earnings. What I wanted you to consider and asked you to consider was, supposing I grant the order, what is the good of it to you?

Mr. Goldring—It is good for what it is worth. It is an order of the Court and can be brought up again before your Lordship. Mr. Harston is not here, my Lord.

His Lordship—He ought to be here. What do you want?

Mr. Goldring—I want the man's discharge.

His Lordship—I cannot make that order. The order for discharge is suspended for two years.

Mr. Goldring—That means that the man is discharged from prison.

His Lordship—Yes. I pointed out to you the other day that if the man was kept in jail he could not earn anything.

Later, Mr. Harston appeared and asked his Lordship to hear him.

His Lordship—I'll hear you, but I won't alter my decision.

Mr. Harston—As a matter of fact I had to go to a dentist to have a nerve stopped.

His Lordship—I'm awfully sorry.

Mr. Harston—I would like your Lordship to hear me.

His Lordship—How can I? I've ordered the man's release from jail.

Mr. Harston—But with regard to his future earnings.

His Lordship—He hasn't got any.

Mr. Harston—But he may have some.

His Lordship—Last week I explained the difficulties I was in, and asked you to be here to-day.

Mr. Harston—I have explained the reason, and would ask you to hear me.

His Lordship—Nobody can delay or adjourn the Court but the Court. That is laid down.

Mr. Harston—It was my misfortune not to be here, but I wanted to explain that we had arrived at an agreement that 30 per cent should be paid out of the debtor's earnings.

His Lordship—Supposing he came before the Court next month and said he earned \$5 or perhaps \$50. It would take the sheriff all his time to find out what he had earned.

Mr. Harston—If your Lordship holds you will not do it.

His Lordship—No, no.

APPLICATION TO EXPUNGE PROOF.

Re Lee King-shuk ex parte Pang Shu-tong.

Mr. G. K. Hall Brutton (of Messrs. Brutton and Hett) applied to the Court on behalf of the Trustee in Bankruptcy, to expunge the proofs of the Yau On Insurance Company, the Fat Kee and the Heung Shan. Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., instructed by Mr. Harston, (Messrs. Denny and Bowley), and Mr. P. M. Hodgson, (of Messrs. Deacon, Looker and Deacon), appeared to oppose the application.

Mr. Brutton referred his Lordship to section 2 of the Bankruptcy Ordinance for the interpretation of secured creditors. He said that in an issue tried some time ago between these parties and a man called Chan Wai-chin, his Lordship the Chief Justice held that these people had no pledge on the property which was in the possession of the Trustee. The position was that they were to wait and see the result of that issue before the trustee came in to see if he had any right to the property as against Chan Wai-chin. In that case it was decided that Chan Wai-chin, as against the other three parties, was entitled to the money as representing the floor. The question then came on as to whether the trustee could proceed with the trial of the issue as against Chan Wai-chin, but so long as these three parties were on the file as secured creditors he could not, as his action had to be for the benefit of the general body of creditors. They therefore wished these people to substantiate their claims or withdraw. They had offered to withdraw on terms to which the trustee could not agree. It had been held by the Chief Justice that they had no mortgage or pledge and it was clear they could have no lien, so the only point was as to whether they had a charge on the property.

Mr. Pollock said he was in the case which was before the Chief Justice, and he thought Mr. Brutton was not sufficiently familiar with his judgment. The Chief Justice held that his client had a charge as against the bankrupt. Then he went on to hold that inasmuch as the bankrupt had sold property to somebody else, and as the sale was purely a personal matter, it would not affect the purchase from the

bankrupt. Later the Chief Justice said that the matter had now passed into the region of bankruptcy, but as the trustee was a party to the issue further questions could be debated as arising out of the issue. Therefore it looked as if the learned Chief Justice imagined that as between his client and the trustee there would have been further argument before him.

His Lordship (to Mr. Brutton)—What do you propose to do?

Mr. Brutton—The trustee cannot proceed to fight the issue for the benefit of these three creditors. Before taking the next step these three creditors must substantiate their claims.

His Lordship—You've got a step missing.

Mr. Brutton—No, my Lord, but he cannot proceed so long as these three men are on the proof as secured creditors.

His Lordship—Their proofs are in?

Mr. Brutton—Yes.

His Lordship—And you've accepted them?

Mr. Brutton—They have been accepted.

His Lordship—Well, where are you now? You've accepted them, and now you want to turn them out.

Mr. Brutton—They are formally bad, my Lord. They have not valued their securities. We want them expunged on the ground that they have no charge.

His Lordship refused the application with costs, which are to come out of the estate.

APPLICATION FOR A PAYMENT OUT.

Lam Pak-leung ex parte Lam Wai.

Mr. Pollock, instructed by Mr. F. X. d'Almeida (of Messrs. d'Almeida and Co.), moved on behalf of the Yee Shun Hee Kee firm, execution creditors of the debtor in original jurisdiction, action 314, of 1904, who obtained a charging order on March 5th, 1906, under section 25 of the Partnership Ordinance of 1897 upon the interest of the debtor as a partner in the Hop Yik firm in the partnership property and profits of the said firm, for an order that the sum of \$3,000, which was paid on December 6th, 1906, to the Official Receiver, and which said monies formed part of the partnership property and profits of the said firm, be paid by the Official Receiver to the said Yee Shun Hee Kee firm.

Mr. Pollock stated that Lam Wai paid into Court a sum of \$3,000 as representing defendant's interest in certain property in the Hop Yik firm which belonged to the defendant as a partner in that firm. The affidavit of Mr. d'Almeida showed that defendant kept out of the way to avoid execution. He submitted that they had obtained a good order, and that it must stand because it was prior to any date to which the title of the trustee in bankruptcy would relate.

His Lordship adjourned the case for consideration of the authorities quoted.

## THE LATE MR. W. RAMSAY.

One who had long known the superintendent engineer of the China Navigation Co., whose death at sea, while on his way home for medical treatment was announced by yesterday's wires.

Mr. Ramsay came to China in 1875 as second engineer of the "Danube" of Handyside & Co., of Leith, the pioneer steamer in the Bangkok trade, was promoted in time and, shortly after, with Capt. Hopkins in command, joined the then steamer, the "Rajasthan" as chief engineer. As the fleet increased, consisting of the four steamers "Danube," "Rajasthan," "Consolation" and "Dala," Capt. Hopkins became general manager, and Mr. Ramsay superintendent. In 1882 it took the name of the Scottish Oriental S.S. Co. Ltd., gradually increasing in size until its purchase by the Norddeutscher Lloyd, when Mr. Ramsay was appointed as superintendent engineer of the China Navigation Co. which position he held till his death.

He was known as a wonderfully large-hearted and generous man, to whom no tale of genuine distress was made in vain. He took an absolute pleasure in assisting those who needed it, and no one but his close intimates knew of his quiet, unostentatious charity. A man of strictest integrity, who did his duty thoroughly, his death has made a void in our midst which cannot easily be filled and no more appropriate epitaph can be given him than:

"Write me as one who loved his fellow man."

Another friend of his writes:—Though comparatively old in years, Mr. Ramsay was young in spirit. He was remarkably vigorous, and no one would have guessed from his appearance that he had spent over 30 years in the East. He had all the instincts of a sportsman and followed the game of bowls for years, having identified himself with the Kowloon Bowling Green since its inception. He was always a keen bowler, but never succeeded in lifting a trophy till this year, when he won the championship. In the social life of the Colony he took his part, and the S. K. Andrews' Society loses by his death one of its oldest and most prominent workers.

## GOING ARMED.

An interesting question as to the meaning of the term "going armed" under the Arms Act was decided at Rangoon, on July 3, in the Chief Court by Mr. Justice Moore.

In the course of a quarrel between two Burmese at Wakema, one man picked up a spear, and remaining in his house, dashed the other down from his house. He was presented under Section 19 (4), the Arms Act, but discharged by the First Class Magistrate of Wakema, on the ground that possession of a spear in his own house did not constitute an offence.

The Magistrate disagreeing submitted the question to the Chief Court, Rangoon. Mr. Justice Moore declined to interfere with the second class Magistrate's decision. The Court held a man was entitled to possess, and presumably handle and carry, a spear in his own premises, as he did. "The offence of 'going armed' is not defined in the Arms Act, but a distinction was drawn between 'going armed' and 'carrying arms' (a), and the possession of a spear in a man's own house, the Judge said, was not "going armed."

## MACAO.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

July 27th.

## A BURGLARY EPIDEMIC.

The wretched state of the public lighting and the inadequate strength or inefficiency of the police give encouragement to the thieving fraternity. It is unsafe here now to sleep with windows open. During the past week many houses in the city have been burglariously entered and much property stolen, but I have not heard that the police have captured any of the thieves.

## AN INQUIRY.

The Bazaar in aid of St. Anthony's Church promises to be a successful event. Apropos this subject of aiding Churches, I shall be visiting the sentiments of a good many people by asking what has become of the money subscribed for the reconstruction of the Church of Saint Paul? Money was raised for this purpose by public subscription here in Macao and elsewhere, but no public statement has been made on the subject by those in charge of the movement, and in justice to the subscribers, some authoritative statement should be issued showing what amount has been subscribed, where the money is deposited, and whether there is any early prospect of the reconstruction of the Church being commenced.

## THE CITY'S GAMBLING SHOPS.

We are apparently destined soon to see increased facilities given to gamblers. The new monopolists have now near the steamship wharves two flow-boards on which fan-tan is played, and I hear also that the Uella Vista and to be opened shortly at the Uella Vista and the Mountain Russia. It is now possible to play the game with three-cent stakes, whereas the minimum under the old régime was ten cents. The troubles with our domestics are not likely to be lessened with these extended facilities for gambling. We may expect to see next fan-tan tables at the street corners. The whole business is disgraceful to the government.

## THE AGITATION AGAINST THE INDUSTRIAL TAXES.

During the week the city has been placarded with an official notice in Portuguese and Chinese, signed by Senhor Carlos de Mello Leite, the Protector of Chinese, informing the public that the recent official publication giving an abstract of the law of 1887 and a complete table of industrial contributions has erroneously been regarded in some quarters as the promulgation of new taxes. The notice says that ill-intentioned individuals have misrepresented the matter; that the Government has made no new taxes, the object of the recent issue of the industrial contribution tables being to enable the people to see what amounts are properly due from them. This notice seems a strange notice. No one should know better than Senhor Leite that the taxation has been very much increased during the past year. What have Chinese been holding meetings about so frequently at their Hospital if it has not been on this account? And did not the Chinese doctors, for instance, appeal for protection from the Fazenda's demands to Senhor Leite himself as Protector of Chinese interests? And surely Senhor Leite cannot be without knowledge of the petition which the principal members of the Chinese community forwarded through the manager of the Banco Nacional Ultramarino to H. E. the Governor praying for relief from the demands which the Fazenda is now making on the community? And yet Senhor Leite tells us in his notice that there is nothing new in the recent official publication; that matters have been misrepresented and the people alarmed by ill-intentioned individuals! This strange, "his passing strange!"

July 29th.

If any further proof were needed of the sincerity of Senhor Leite's Notification, it is afforded by what took place at a meeting of the Chinese community convened by Senhor Leite himself two days after the publication of the Notification. The meeting was held on Saturday at the Chinese Hospital, and was attended by more than 2,000 persons. Mr. Leite presided over the meeting, and Mr. Assumpção acted as interpreter. The meeting was told that the Fazenda would collect six per cent from every person whose annual income exceeds one hundred dollars. The announcement fell on the meeting like a bomb. The Chinese resisted and refused to pay. Mr. Leite altered the figure to \$150. Mr. Lu-Chen, one of the principal merchants of Macao, retorted that the Government might levy what they liked, but he, as the holder of the principal monopolies, would surrender them all. The interpreter tried to reason with Lu-Chen, saying that he would be losing a great deal of money by taking such a step. "Of what use will the monopolies be to me?" answered Lu-Chen. "If the people who now patronise my business leave the Colony in consequence of this taxation?" The meeting lasted two hours and only served to demonstrate the public hostility to the taxation. But the astounding feature of the meeting was that Senhor Leite himself should be the chosen instrument for announcing this new taxation a few days after the distribution of his official protest, telling the people that they had been misled by malicious persons into believing that the Fazenda was levying new taxation! The tax on Chinese doctors was cancelled. Today the merchants in a body intend going to the Fazenda to discuss the collection of the business taxes. I am informed that, owing to the hostility of the public to this taxation, the Fazenda contemplates its repeal, and proposes in substitution therefor a tax of 20 per cent. on annual profits! This is more outrageous than ever, and I hesitate to believe it. The want of administrative capacity that these taxation proposals disclose is amazing. One wonders why H. E. the Governor, man of energy and lover of justice that he is, refrains from intervention in this matter.

I hear that a petition has been sent to His Excellency by a well-known barrister asking for an inquiry into the conduct of the Fazenda authorities who appear to have been demanding in many cases payment of taxes when demands have already been paid. That three clerks were able recently to quit the Colony with a considerable sum of money paid into the Fazenda showed that the business of that department is not managed as it ought to be.

## THE SINGAPORE BARRACKS MURDER.

Drummer Sandwell of the Royal West Kents was sentenced to death at Singapore, on July 19th, for the murder of a comrade. Part of the prosecution's address to the jury was reported as follows:

Mr. Spratley proceeded to point out how motives had not been found in cases of murder until at the very last, and they would have to guard against the danger of assuming that from the apparent absence of any motive that there was none. All the theory of insanity was based upon false premises and upon very flimsy deductions of simple facts. Much had been heard concerning psycho-epileptic equivalents and other high-sounding names but the case respecting insanity rested merely upon the evidence of accused, backed up by his statements of accomplices and so forth. Yet, considering apart from this medical testimony, there was a clear case, and the statements concerning the killing of an innocent man, and the going to the gallows, which, although denied, indicated that prisoner had an intimate and detailed recollection of what passed at Tanjong Barracks on the night of May 14.

It was a very, very high and heavy responsibility that the jury took upon themselves to say there was no motive. Only one person knew whether there was or not, and, with regard to insanity if this was such a case then, asked Counsel, what is crime?

Prisoner, after being sworn, gave evidence showing that he had been in the regiment about 74 years. He had never been drunk while in the Regiment, and was on bad terms with nobody. For five months he had been in Singapore where he had always felt ill, and was especially so of late. He had been working in the garden of late, and in order to cool himself took his helmet off. Three or four days before May 14th he had several pains in his head and to get relief he shaved his head, but refrained from telling anyone the reason, as he thought they might consider him a bit cracked. He gave the dates upon which he was out in the sun, and, coming to the day in question, said that Bishop asked him what was the matter, and he told him he thought he had a touch of the sun. Afterwards he laid on his bed, and then attended the funeral of Kemp, although he felt run down and ill. On his returning he hung up his equipment and "stuff" and felt rather giddy and "swimmy." He thought the glass of beer would do him good, but he could not remember whether he went to the canteen or not.

Do you remember what happened afterwards?—No, sir.

Do you remember killing Corporal Hurley?—No, sir, I don't.

Do you remember anything at all about that night?—No, sir.

Do you remember Major Williams coming to you about 220 a.m. and asking you about a crime, and your saying, Oh! that's all right?—No, sir.

Did you ever have a quarrel with Hurley?—No, sir.

With Newall?—No, sir.

What kind of man was Hurley?—A good man to me, sir; one of my best friends.

Any quarrel with Newall?—No, sir.

Were you sorry for what you had done?—Very sorry when I heard about it.

Are you still sorry?—I am, sir.

Cross-examined by Mr. Spratley, prisoner maintained that he remembered absolutely nothing whatever which occurred on the night in question.

From the point of thinking of going to the canteen it is all a blank?—I'm lost.

He could not remember having asked for ammunition that night, but he would not deny that he did. Hurley was a very good friend to him in the way of helping him on, and in no other way. Prisoner said he was formerly in South Africa, and had been also two years in Ceylon and two years in Hongkong. The rule for soldiers in the tropics was to wear their helmets till 5 p.m. Nothing was said to the other men about the shaving incident, and as the Japanese barber started cutting his hair, he thought that he was as much to do with getting rid of the grime in the head as the other men. On the proceeds of the sale of his bicycle he had a look around town with some of his comrades, two of whom were put in the guard room on their return.

Mr. Justice Fisher said he was much exercised regarding the state of the weather on the day in question, because it was within his recollection that it was a pouring wet day.

Mr. Harris was prepared to accept the statement that it was a wet day with bright intervals.

## HONGKONG AND SINGAPORE.

## HOW AFFECTED BY OPIUM QUESTION.

It is not unlikely that His Excellency Sir Frederick Lugard may have to appoint another Commissioner, following the example of Singapore. What the *Str. Times* says of Singapore applies almost equally to Hongkong. Our contemporary says:—

His Excellency the Governor has appointed a Commission of unofficials to inquire into the opium question in the Colony. The Commission is likely to have an important bearing upon the revenues of the Colony. For, without seeking to prejudice the Commission's work, we think it is a fair and justifiable presumption that the report will be condemnatory of opium-smoking and will make recommendations for the eradication of the habit.

With practical abolition of the opium habit in all its forms, the Colony will have no opium to dispose of, and the revenue of the Government will be a public debt, a derangement of the public finances arising out of the attempt to run the Tanjong Pagar Docks as a Government enterprise, with a shrinkage of public revenue from hitherto existing sources. The estimated revenue from opium this year is \$4,344,000, of a total revenue of \$9,133,220, exclusive of land sales. In 1905, roughly speaking, the revenue from opium was over \$5,500,000. It will thus be seen that if opium consumption were to cease to-morrow, the Colony would lose about half its revenue, so that the recommendations likely to be made by the Commission must be regarded as very serious indeed for the community. It means that something must be done to replace opium as a source of revenue.

That, however, will not come under the scope of the commission. All it has to inquire into is the extent of the habit, whether it is pernicious, and how it can be eradicated. That they will ordain it goes without saying. We cannot imagine a Singapore Commission heretic enough or independent enough to go contrary to the great mass of carefully-manufactured public opinion against opium—including the opinion of the Peking correspondent of "The Times," who is now engaged in his views on the Chinese and opium, as published in his book, "An Australian in China." We assume that the Commission is appointed upon instructions from the Colonial Office, and we may be sure that the issuance of the Commission's report will be followed by orders from Lord Elgin and his hon. Mr. Mr. Winston Churchill, to any press the opium traffic. We hope the order to

## AUSTRALIAN WINES.

## H. J. LINDEMAN'S "CAWARRA" CLARETS AND HOCKS.

PER CASE 12 BOTTLES ... .. \$15.00  
" 24-1/2 " ... .. 16.00

THE ABSOLUTE PURITY OF THESE WINES IS GUARANTEED.

SOLE AGENTS—

H. PRICE &amp; CO. LTD.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

12, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

do so will be accompanied by a contribution from the Imperial Government to replace the balance of revenue over expenditure, and a notification that, henceforth, the military contribution will be no longer extorted from the Colony. The Colony's financial position is certainly becoming more interesting daily, and those who have to bear the burden, unfortunately, since they are the lower classes, represented in the Council, views adequately represented in the Council. Except indirectly, the burden of taxation does not bear heavily upon the European community, but, nevertheless, when the time arrives for considering new ways of raising revenue, we trust the Unofficial Members of Council will see that the burden laid upon the native population, by reason of the policy of the Imperial Government, is not made too onerous.

The object of the Singapore Commission is to make a diligent and full inquiry into (1) the extent to which excessive indulgence in the smoking of opium prevails in the Straits Settlements; (2) whether the smoking of opium (a) in no way, or (b) in excess, has increased, and (3) the steps that should be taken by the Government to minimise and eradicate eventually the evils arising from the smoking of opium in the Settlements.

The Commission is granted full power and authority to call before them any persons in the Colony to whom they shall judge necessary, for the purpose of making the inquiry, and also to call for, and have access to all official and other books, documents, papers and records as they may deem expedient, and to examine witnesses on oath or otherwise. Within six months after the date of the Commission they are directed to submit their recommendations to the Governor. All Government officers are commanded to assist the Commission in any possible manner. It is, however, not good statesmanship to disturb existing arrangements in these ports until China's intentions are clearly demonstrated. Resolutions of the "morally indefensible" order are merely frivolous embassments.

## JAPANESE COTTON MILLS.

The *Bu-ri de Journal* says the Acting British Consul-General at Yokohama (Mr. E. M. Hobart Hampden) reports that the imports of cotton manufactures into Japan last year amounted to £1,134,461.

During the year the Japanese mills were more and more able to order for local requirements, and there is no doubt that in the near future ordinary grey goods will follow the lead of 7 lb. and 8 lb. shirtings, and be exclusively manufactured in Japan, although the imports of the better classes 9 lb. may continue for some years. On the other hand, Japanese weaving establishments are not yet capable of turning out cambrics or gass d shirtings, and it is thought that there will be an increased import of such cloths for some time.

The imports of yarn amounted to £255,424. The importation of common counts continued up to the end of 1906, but it is believed that they are no longer being sent from Lancashire, as the increase in the number of spindles in Japan will enable local mills to supply the requirements of the market. Fine counts may be imported up to the end of 1907, but after that the demands of the country. In fancy goods the cessation of the war has brought about a considerable increase in consumption, and trade in this article is likely to show a gradual expansion. Fast black Italian has gradually supplanted the old union makes, and there is likely to be an increase in the future in umbrellas cloth. During 1906 this increase amounted to 755,861 yards.

In white shirtings keener competition may be expected in the near future from Japanese sources, since a new company has been formed, backed by the most powerful merchants interested in this article. Demand for drills and for ducks has practically completely subsided on account of the termination of the Government demand. It is not likely that these goods will be imported in bulk in the future, since they can successfully be made locally. There has been an increased demand for velvets, and this trade, which for some years has shown a diminution, appears to have regained recently some of its lost popularity.

The year 1906 was one to be remembered in consequence of the extreme prosperity of the spinning and weaving industry in Japan. Profits were phenomenal, and a large increase in the number of spindles was the result. In addition to increases several new companies have been started, and the expansion is likely to continue for the next 18 months since early delivery of machinery could not be obtained. The mills are sold well ahead, and have contracts which would keep the spindles busy until towards the end of 1907. Generally there has been a disposition to favour the British rather than the German trader, at any rate on equal terms. There has been more direct importation by Japanese, and this competition is likely to increase such merchants, however, frequently have but little capital, generally over-trade, and go under in bad times.

## LATEST STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. & O. str. *Palma* left Singapore for this port on the 27th July at 1 p.m.

The M.M. str. *Polynesia* with the next French Mail, left Singapore on 29th July at 8 a.m. for this port.

The str. *Kordun* left Meji on 26th July at 7 p.m. and may be expected here on 31st July a.m.

The O. & O. str. *Korea* sailed from Yokohama on 25th July, and is due here on 5th August.

The Boston str. *Trenton* sailed from Seattle for Japan and China Ports on 27th July.

The C.P.R. str. *Athena* left Yokohama p.m. on Saturday the 27th July for Victoria and Vancouver.

## THE INDIAN MURDERERS.

We heard last night, just before going to press, from a lawyer who claimed "good authority," that the Officer Administering the Government had commuted the sentence on the four Indian murderers, recently condemned to death, to life imprisonment. We are somewhat reluctant to believe this.

## "SHELL" TRANSPORTS.

## SHARES STREADILY IMPROVING.

The *Weekly Report* says:—Our old favourite, the shares of the Shell Transport and Trading Company, continue to be quite an active feature of the industrial market, and since we last mentioned them, rather more than a month ago, they have been well over 50s. higher. The advance to that level was to some extent the result of a bear position which had been built up, and with this once liquidated there was a slight setback again to something like 45s. They are now steadily moving up again, however, and those fortunate few who have held on since we first started advising as to the value of the shares have now reached high-water level. It has been our good fortune from time to time to advise our readers well in advance of our contemporaries of developments that were taking place in connection with this company, and we are aware at the present time of directions in which progress is being made to such a satisfactory extent as to need have no fear that the shares have now reached high-water level. It has been our good fortune from time to time to advise our readers well in advance of our contemporaries of developments that were taking place in connection with this company, and we are aware at the present time of directions in which progress is being made to such a satisfactory extent as to need have no fear that the shares have now reached high-water level. It has been our good fortune from time to time to advise our readers well in advance of our contemporaries of developments that were taking place in connection with this company, and we are aware at the present time of directions in which progress is being made to such a satisfactory extent as to need have no fear that the shares have now reached high-water level.

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## NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, &c., should be addressed DAILY PRESS only, and special business matters to the Manager.

Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent in before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until a further notice.

Telegraphic Address: P. H. K. Codes: A.B.O., 5th Ed. "Lieber's."

P.O. Box, 33. Telephone No. 12.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## WANTED.

CHINESE Speaking Foreigner. Must be Smart and Reliable. State age, experience, Nationality and Salary. "INTERPRETER," Care of "Daily Press" Office. Hongkong, 30th July, 1907. 1275

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

## NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING of Shareholders will be held in the Office of the Company, Queen's Building, Connaught Road, on MONDAY, 19th August, at 12 o'clock, Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Accounts to the 30th June, 1907. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 5th to the 19th August, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.  
THOS. I. ROSE, Secretary.  
Hongkong, 30th July, 1907. 1276

THE RUSSIAN VOLUNTEER FLEET.  
FOR NAGASAKI & VLADIVOSTOK.

THE Steamship  
"YAROSLAVL,"  
Captain Kaminski, will leave for the above Ports TO-DAY, the 31st inst., at Noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to  
MELCHERS & CO., Agents.  
Hongkong, 30th July, 1907. 1277

COMPAGNIE DES MESSEGERIES MARITIMES.  
FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship  
"POLYNESE,"  
Captain Broo, will be despatched for the above Ports on or about MONDAY, the 5th August.  
For Freight, or Passage, apply to  
G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agents.  
Hongkong, 30th July, 1907. 1278

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.  
FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship  
"FOOKSANG,"  
having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside.  
Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after 4 p.m., the 31st July, will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense.  
No Fire Insurance will be effected.  
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by  
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., General Managers.  
Hongkong, 29th July, 1907. 18

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE H. A. L. Steamship  
"WIK,"  
Captain Carsten, having arrived. Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature by the Undersigned and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.  
Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given TO-DAY.  
Any Cargo impeding her discharge will be landed into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.  
All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised.  
No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 5th August, will be subject to rent.  
All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 3rd August, at 3 p.m.  
No Fire Insurance has been effected.  
HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE, Hongkong Office.  
Hongkong, 29th July, 1907. 1273

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE H. A. L. Steamship  
"MARCELLUS,"  
Captain Lohmeyer, having arrived. Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature by the Undersigned and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.  
Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before TO-DAY.  
Any Cargo impeding her discharge will be landed into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.  
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HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE, Hongkong Office.  
Hongkong, 29th July, 1907. 1274

## ENTERTAINMENT

THEATRE ROYAL, HONGKONG.  
FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY.

COMMENCING:  
TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), JULY 31st.

THE BANDMANN OPERA CO.

55 LONDON ARTISTS 55

Will present the following latest London Successes most of which will be staged for the First Time in Hongkong:  
TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), July 31:  
For the First Time in Hongkong,  
"THE BELLE OF MAYFAIR,"  
which ran for 3 years at the  
Vaudeville Theatre London.

TUESDAY, August 1st:  
For the First Time in Hongkong,  
The Great Burmese Musical Comedy,  
"THE BLUE MOON,"  
as played for 3 years at the Lyric Theatre London.

FRIDAY, August 2nd:  
For the First Time in Hongkong,  
The Brilliant Musical Comedy,  
"THE GIRL BEHIND THE COUNTER,"  
which ran 1,000 nights at Wyndham's  
Theatre London.

SATURDAY, August 3rd:  
Leslie Stewart's Masterpiece,  
"FLORODORA."

MONDAY, August 5th:  
The Scintillating Fanny Musical Comedy,  
"THE EARL AND THE GIRL."

TUESDAY, August 6th:  
For the First Time in Hongkong,  
The Great Japanese Comic Opera,  
"THE WHITE CHERRY ANTHEMUM."

WEDNESDAY, August 7th:  
The Brilliantly Successful Musical Comedy  
"A CHINESE HONEYMOON,"  
which ran for 3 years at the Strand Theatre  
London.

PRICES OF ADMISSION: 3s, 2s and 1s.  
Seats now on Sale at S. MOUTRIE AND COMPANY, LIMITED.

Commencing at 9 p.m. sharp.  
Hongkong, 24th July, 1907. 1247

## PUBLIC COMPANIES

THE HONGKONG AND KOWLOON  
WHARF AND GODOWN CO., LIMITED.

## NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND at the rate of 4 per cent (Two Dollars per share) for the six months ending 30th June 1907, will be paid on application to those persons who are registered as shareholders in the above Company on the 31st July 1907.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 2nd to the 31st July, both days inclusive.

EDWARD OSBORNE, Secretary.  
Hongkong, 25th July, 1907. 1251

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LIMITED.

## NOTICE

IN accordance with the Provisions of No. 104 of the Articles of Association the General Managers have this day declared an INTERIM DIVIDEND for the half year ended 30th June, 1907 of FOUR DOLLARS per Share.

Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Office of the Company on and after FRIDAY, the 2nd August.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 3rd instant to 1st proximo, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., General Agents.  
Hongkong, 26th July, 1907. 1260

HONGKONG CANTON AND MACAO STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

## NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE EIGHTY-SECOND ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING of Shareholders in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, Hotel Mansion on TUESDAY, the 13th August at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend, confirming the appointment of Directors, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 31st July to 13th August, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.  
W. E. CLARKE, Secretary.  
Hongkong, 22nd July, 1907. 1255

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificate No. N.S. 420, dated Hongkong 9th July, 1907 for the Shares of this Bank numbered 14821 to 14832 inclusive registered in the name of CHENG PO CHO has been LOST or STOLEN, and should this Certificate not be produced to the Bank before the 13th day of August, 1907, a New Certificate for the shares will be issued, and the aforesaid Certificate No. N.S. 420 will be therefor treated by this Corporation as Null and Void.

By Order of the Court of Directors.  
J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.  
Hongkong, 13th July, 1907. 1210

## NOTICE

BILLS for all Monies due by me should be presented to me on or before the 15th September, 1907. All outstanding accounts due to me, if not settled on or before the 15th September, 1907, will be passed into the hands of my Solicitors.

J. W. OSBORNE, 1181  
Hongkong, 15th July, 1907.

## TO LET

## TO LET.

OFFICES in ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

Apply—

SECRETARY,  
A. S. WATSON & CO., Limited.  
Hongkong, 23rd April, 1907. 1800

## TO LET.

NO. 1, WEST END TERRACE, Shamoen, Canton.

Apply to—  
HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.  
Hongkong, 1st July, 1907. 193

## TO LET.

"BERIL" NO. 1, GARDEN ROAD, Kowloon. Containing 8 Rooms and Garden. Possession 1st June, 1907.

Apply to—  
H. M. H. NEMAZEE.  
Hongkong, 29th May, 1907. 982

## TO LET.

NOS. 3 & 5, CARNARON VILLAS, Kowloon.

Apply to—  
HEWAN & CO.,  
No. 15, Connaught Road, West.  
Hongkong, 1st May, 1907. 324

## TO LET.

ONE OFFICE-ROOM on Second Floor PRINCE'S BUILDINGS.

Apply to—  
REUTER, BROECKELMANN & CO.  
Hankow, 23rd April, 1907. 739

## TO LET.

ONE FOUR ROOMED HOUSE at Praya East, near East Point.

Apply to—  
JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.  
Hongkong, 24th June, 1907. 1104

## TO LET.

"GLENWOOD" CAINE ROAD, suitable for a Boarding house or Club. Containing 25 Rooms. This property would be divided into two or more houses to suit tenants.

BEACONSFIELD ARCADE, Fine Offices and Dwelling Rooms.

No. 15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Top Floor, (over Caldwell Macgregor). BELLIOS TERRACE HOUSES, ROBINSON ROAD.

No. 4, ALHANY.

No. 8, BELLIOS TERRACE, Corner Tseung Kowloon.

No. 6, CAMERON VILLAS (PEARL). Furnished. Cheap rent. For September and October.

No. 6, DES VEXES VILLAS (PEARL). No. 1 and 2, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE.

Apply to—  
LINTSEAD & DAVIS,  
3rd Floor, Alexandra Building.  
Hongkong, 22nd July, 1907. 1102

## TO BE LET OR SOLD.

WITH POSSESSION FROM 1st JUNE— IN WANCHAI ROAD.

GODOWN, built of brick, with tiled roof, just thoroughly repaired, about 4000 square feet space, concrete flooring. Suitable for storage of any kind of merchandise.

Apply to—  
Cars of "Daily Press" Office.  
Hongkong, 3rd May, 1907. 870

## TO LET.

## IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

NO. 2, HOLLYWOOD ROAD, and No. 51, FOTTERING STREET.

Apply to—  
ARRATON V. APCAR & CO.,  
45, Wyndham Street.  
Hongkong, 2nd March, 1907. 491

## TO LET.

2ND FLOOR No. 12, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

NO. 38, CAINE ROAD. AUCTION ROOMS, No. 2, Zetland Street. GREENGROFT, GARDEN ROAD, Kowloon, Rodeo-courts, Electric Light, Tennis Court.

No. 1, FAIRVIEW, ROBINSON ROAD, Kowloon.

Apply to—  
LEIGH & ORANGE,  
1, Des Vexes Road.  
Hongkong, 11th July, 1907. 94

## TO LET.

"STONHEVER" 35, Robinson Road.

No. 52, CAINE ROAD. Nos. 27, 29, 31 and 33, SEYMOUR ROAD.

Apply to—  
SAM WANG CO., LTD.,  
81, Queen's Road Central.  
Hongkong, 22nd July, 1907. 1103

## TO LET.

LARGE AND SPACIOUS GODOWNS Nos. 9, 9A, 9B, 9C and 10, PRAYA EAST, formerly in the occupation of the Admiralty.

Apply to—  
HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.  
Hongkong, 1st July, 1907. 809

## TO LET.

NOS. 3 and 4, OBSERVATORY VILLAS, Kowloon. Moderate Rental. Tennis Court and Electric Lights.

No. 48, ELGIN STREET, 6 Rooms with front and back Verandahs. From 1st July.

"CHERUB VILLE." A fine Bungalow. Near Observatory Villas. Cheap Rental.

Apply to—  
ARRATON V. APCAR & CO.,  
45, Wyndham Street.  
Hongkong, 20th June, 1907. 880

## TO LET.

A HOUSE in KNITSFORD TERRACE, KOWLOON.

Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.  
Hongkong, 1st July, 1907. 192

## TO LET.

NO. 2, MACDONNELL ROAD.

Apply to—  
COMPRADORE'S DEPARTMENT,  
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.  
Hongkong, 3rd June, 1905. 197

## TO LET

## SHAMEEN—CANTON.

TO LET in SUN LIFE BUILDING, French Concession, Large, Well-lit Offices. Godowns also, if required.

Apply to—  
POWELL GRANT.  
Hongkong, 13th July, 1907. 1209

## TO LET.

SHOPS and FLATS in Des Vexes Road Central.

No. 6, CAMERON TERRACE, Kowloon.

Apply to—  
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LD.  
Hongkong, 15th July, 1907. 1155

## TO LET.

POSSESSION FROM 1st APRIL.

2 Semi-attached HOUSES, Nos. 13b and 13c, MACDONNELL ROAD, Each with 7 Rooms, Bath-Rooms, Kitchen, Servants' Quarter and Grass Tennis Court.

Apply to—  
CHUNG CHINAM,  
[Yan On Marine & Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 1st March, 1907. 482

## TO BE LET.

SHAMEEN—CANTON, No. 24. From the 1st January, 1908, Premises now occupied by the East Asiatic Trading Company.

Apply to—  
JEBSEN & CO.  
Hongkong, 10th July, 1907. 1197

## TO LET.

3 STORIED GODOWN No. 127, Wanchai Road.

Apply to—  
REUTER, BROECKELMANN & CO.,  
Prince's Building.  
Hongkong, 27th June, 1907. 1126

## TO LET.

NO. 28, LEIGHTON HILL ROAD. Immediate Possession.

Apply to—  
THE COMPRADORE,  
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.  
Hongkong, 4th February, 1907. 338

## TO LET.

A suit of 3 LARGE and ONE SMALL ROOMS with Bath Room attached, and Verandah all round, on the First Floor in College Chambers, No. 31, Wyndham Street, facing "Glenalee". Can have the use of Kitchen, can be rented singly or the whole.

GROUND FLOOR of No. 4, Des Vexes Road including a Strong Room and servants' quarter.

ROOMS on Second Floor of VICTORIA BUILDING, No. 5, Queen's Road Central, suitable for Offices.

Apply to—  
DAVID SASSOON & CO. LD.  
Hongkong, 24th May, 1907. 821

## TO LET.

TWO ROOMS on Third Floor, HOTEL MANSION, suitable for Offices.

Possession from 1st August next.

Apply to—  
HENRY HUMPHREYS,  
Alexandra Buildings.  
Hongkong, 2nd July, 1907. 1159

## TO LET.

"HATHERLEIGH", CONDUIT ROAD.

NO. 1, RIFON TERRACE, BONHAM ROAD.

OFFICES in KING'S BUILDING and YORK BUILDING.

GODOWNS in PRAYA EAST.

A HOUSE in CLIFTON GARDENS, Conduit Road.

FLATS in MORETON TERRACE.

Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.  
Hongkong, 1st July, 1907. 1169

## TO LET.

GODOWNS Nos. 95, 96, 97 and 100, Praya East.

Apply to—  
CHATER & MODY,  
Victoria Buildings.  
Hongkong, 20th June, 1907. 1089

## TO BE LET.

A S from the 1st August next, No. 5, MORRISON HILL.

Apply to—  
MESSRS. JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.  
Hongkong, 1st July, 1907. 1151

## TO LET.

NO. 5, ORMSBY TERRACE, Kowloon.

No. 4, SEYMOUR ROAD, Hongkong. Cheap rent.

Apply to—  
SPANISH DOMINICAN PROCUSSION.  
Hongkong, 25th June, 1907. 1114

BOARD AND RESIDENCE

FIRST-CLASS BOARD & RESIDENCE AT "BRAESIDE."

A LARGE and COMMODIOUS RESIDENCE standing in its own grounds, with Tennis Courts, Good Dining and Reception Rooms, Large Airy and Well Furnished Bedrooms, every home comfort. Fine View of the Harbour. Terms moderate.

Apply to—  
Mrs. F. W. WATTS,  
"Braeside," 20, Macdonnell Road.  
(late of "Tang Yuen").  
Hongkong, 27th June, 1905. 143

PRIVATE BOARD AND RESIDENCE

MRS. GILLANDERS

"CLAREMONT,"  
2 & 4, KENNEDY ROAD.  
Hongkong, 9th February, 1907. 604

## BANKS

## THE BANK OF TAIWAN LIMITED

(INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL CHARTER)

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Yen 5,000,000  
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... " 3,750,000

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEI, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:  
Amoy, Kobe, Nagasaki, Tainan, Anping, Fuzhou, Osaka, Tientsin, Keelung, Shanghai, Yokohama, Swatow.

HONGKONG OFFICE:  
3, Des Vexes Road.  
Interest allowed on Current Account. Deposits received on terms which may be on application.

D. TOHLOW, Manager.  
Hongkong, 5th April, 1907. 842

## INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

Fiscal Agents of the United States in China, the Philippine Islands, and the Republic of Panama.

CAPITAL PAID UP ..... Gold \$3,250,000  
RESERVE FUND ..... " about Mex. \$5,000,000  
HEAD OFFICE: 60 Wall Street, New York.

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, E.C. Branches and Agents all over the World.

LONDON BANKERS:  
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, LIMITED.

THE CAPITAL & COUNTRIES BANK, LIMITED.

BRANCHES and AGENTS all over the World.

The Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business, receives money in Current Account at the Rate of 2% per annum on Daily balances and accepts Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 12 months 4 1/2 per cent. per annum.  
For 6 " 4 " " "  
For 3 " 3 " " "

No. 9, Queen's Road, Central, Hongkong.  
W. M. ANDERSON, Manager.  
Hongkong, 24th July, 1907. 1239

## HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... \$10,000,000  
RESERVE FUND ..... \$10,000,000  
STERLING RESERVE ..... \$10,000,000  
SILVER RESERVE ..... 11,000,000



## INSURANCES

## THE GLOBUS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

THE Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

CARLOWITZ & Co.  
Hongkong, 13th August 1906.

## AACHEN AND MUNICH FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF AIX LA CHAPPELLE.

THE Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 21st April, 1907. 114

## NORTH BRITISH AND MERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1905 £17,837,119

I. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL... £3,000,000  
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... 2,750,000  
PAID-UP CAPITAL... 687,500 0 0  
II. FUND FUNDS... 3,386,720 19 8

The Undersigned, AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 27th April, 1907. 149

## FOR SALE

## FOR SALE.

TWO VERY VALUABLE PIECES OF LANDED PROPERTY Situate at CANTON near the Hongkong Canal and Macao Steamboat Company's Wharf and facing the river. The lots contain by admeasurement 50 "changes" or thereabouts. Title Deeds can be seen at the Office of the Undersigned.

For further particulars, apply to  
GOLDING & BARLOW, Solicitors,  
10, Queen's Road Central.  
Hongkong, 22nd May, 1907. 970

## COLLECTIONS OF USED POSTAGE STAMPS IN PACKETS.

ASIAN STAMPS.	MIXED STAMPS.
100 for \$0.80	500 for \$3.00
150 " 1.75	1000 " 10.00
200 " 3.50	1500 " 25.00
250 " 5.75	2000 " 35.00
275 " 9.00	3000 " 55.00

Also Stamps in bags, sets, &c., &c.  
ARTISTIC PICTORIAL POSTCARDS  
& all other Philatelic Goods. Inspection invited.  
GRACA & CO.,  
1145 Hongkong Hotel Corridor.

## HONGKONG BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

## AUCTIONEER.

C. DE M. C. VIEIRA-RIBEIRO,  
Auctioneer. Consignments solicited. Account Sales rendered and settlement effected promptly. No. 8A, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

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"DAILY PRESS" OFFICE.  
The only office in China having European taught workmen Equal to Home work.

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SINGON & CO.,  
Iron, Steel, Metal and Hardware Merchants. Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers. Pig Iron and Foundry. Coke Importers. General Storekeepers and Commission Agents. 35 & 37, Hing Loong Street (Just West of Canton Road Central). Telephone No. 515.

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M. MURRAY, JAPANESE ARTIST.  
Portrait and Chignon Engravings and also colouring Photos and relief Photos. Views of East and West. Work done for Amateurs. No. 8A, Queen's Road Central.  
Good Panorama Views of Hongkong, recently taken, on sale.

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"DAILY PRESS" OFFICE.  
Proofs read by Englishmen.

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F. A. V. RIBEIRO,  
Typewriting Work. Undertaken, Cleaned, Repaired, Overhauled, Charges moderate. Sale of the Hongkong Typewriting Bureau) 8A, Queen's Road Central (First-floor).

## DR. M. H. CHAUN.

THE latest Method of the AMERICAN SYSTEM OF DENTISTRY.  
33, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
From the University of Pennsylvania, U.S.A.  
Hongkong, 17th April, 1907. 505

## SIEN TING.

SURGEON DENTIST.  
No. 10, D'AGUILAR STREET.  
TERMS VERY MODERATE.  
Consultation Free.  
Hongkong, 21st September, 1905 481

## COLD STORAGE.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LTD.,  
Have now 40,000 Cubic Feet of Cold Storage available at EAST POINT. Storage will be Open at 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. daily, Sunday excepted, to receive and deliver perishable goods.  
WM. FARLANE, Manager.  
Hongkong, 18th November, 1901. 47

A. LING & CO.,  
FURNITURE STORE,  
PLATED GLASS AND CROCKERY  
WARE, &c., &c., and FOOCHOW  
LAQUERED WARE.  
19, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
Hongkong, 21st September, 1903 778

## INTIMATIONS

## OREGON PINE LUMBER.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LIMITED  
have always in stock a supply of the above in all sizes. Prices may be obtained on application.  
Hongkong, 26th July, 1907. 1253

## COGNAC.

MESSRS. JEEJEEBHOY & CO., 25, Hollywood Road, beg to inform their Customers and the General Public that they now have on Sale the following brands of COGNAC which are patronised by connoisseurs throughout Indo-China:-

BOUTILLIER, G. BIANCHI & Co's \$25.00  
FELIX TRIAC & Co's 16.50  
GEORGES ROZARD & Co's 14.50  
Hongkong, 1st July, 1907. 1152

IN an Action in the CHANCERY DIVISION OF THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE in ENGLAND, in which THE MORGAN CRUCIBLE COMPANY, LIMITED were PLAINTIFFS, and which was brought to restrain infringement of TRADE MARKS and passing off, the Defendants submitted (inter alia) to a perpetual Injunction restraining them their Servants and Agents

"from in any manner passing off or enabling or assisting others to pass off or acting so as to be calculated to pass off any crucibles not being the Plaintiffs' crucibles as or for the Plaintiffs' crucibles by reason of the labels or advertising marks used in respect of the same or the marks on such crucibles. And from selling or offering or exposing or advertising for sale, or procuring to be sold, any such crucibles as aforesaid, UNDER ANY LABELS TRIANGULAR IN SHAPE or under any label mark or description calculated to represent or lead to the belief that such crucibles are the Plaintiffs' crucibles or 'TRIANGLE' or 'GLE CHOP' crucibles or crucibles of the Plaintiffs' manufacture. And from in any manner infringing the Plaintiffs' registered TRADE MARKS Nos. 20,200 and 270,301 or either of them. And from using or permitting to be used in connection with crucibles any labels triangular in shape."

## Abbey's Effervescent Salt

No more Constipation! No more Dyspepsia! No more Bilious attacks! No more Headache! No more Kidney and Liver trouble!

You can be as certain that Abbey's Salt will conquer any disorder arising from the Stomach, Liver or Bowels, as you are that the sun rises in the East.

Costs but little to convince yourself, buy a bottle if in need.

Sold in two sizes by all Chemists and Stores, and by Watson, Ltd., and A. S. Watson, Ltd., Hong Kong, and The Abbey Fruit Saline Co., Ltd., 41, Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C. 335-3

## Cunliffe, The Pioneer Exporters in Prismatic Bonds.

## Russell &amp; Co.

10 & 12, Place de la Bourse.  
SECURITIES ISSUED BY EUROPEAN GOVS. AND MUNICIPALITIES OFFERING PROSPECTUSES RETURNED FREE.

To be purchased for cash or on the "Times" system of monthly payments.

CUNLIFFE, RUSSELL & Co., being the oldest established firm of dealers in Prismatic Bonds in the world, offer advantages absolutely obtainable elsewhere. Bonds guaranteed. Exceptional facilities for payment. Numbers checked after every drawing. Results of drawings in English. Holders of drawn Bonds advised at once. Prizes collected free of charge. Bonds purchased "at sight," loans granted on Prismatic Bonds. Services continue until last Bond drawn. All transactions confidential.

1013

## MARTIN'S APIOL STEEL PILLS

A French Remedy for all Irritations, Inflammations, and all kinds of Disorders of the Bowels, Bladder, and all the secretory organs. It is a purely vegetable and non-toxic medicine. It is the only one of its kind. It is the only one of its kind. It is the only one of its kind.

Each Capsule bears the name (MIDY)

## SANTAL MIDY

These tiny Capsules—superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, and Injections—cure the same diseases as these drugs in forty-eight hours without inconvenience.

Each Capsule bears the name (MIDY)

## LADIES' SAFE REMEDY

For functional troubles, delay, pain and those irregularities peculiar to the sex.

## APIOLINE (CHAPOTEAUT)

Prescribed by the highest French Medical authorities and superior to Tansy, steel Drops and Penny Royal.

## THE KING OF SIAM.

## MONARCHY DEGREE OF L.D.

There was a touch of melancholy about the conferment of the honorary Cambridge degree of L.D. upon the King of Siam, says a mail paper. It had been intended that the ceremony should take place at Devonshire House, in full academic state, but the unfortunate illness of the Duke of Devonshire, the Chancellor of the University, deprived the occasion of all but the bare and necessary essentials. No one, except two or three gentlemen directly interested in the matter, was present in the gallery that overlooks the garden at the back of Devonshire House, as the Vice-Chancellor of Cambridge, Mr. Roberts, the master of Caius, followed the bodies of the University up the staircase and into the almost empty room. With the vice-chancellor came the senior and junior proctors, Mr. Donaldson, the master of Magdalen, Dr. Mason, the master of Pembroke, Dr. Oscar Browning, Professor Westlake, and Professor Living, the rear being brought up by four of the proctors "bulldogs," in their dress-coats of blue, with gilt buttons. The doctors, in their robes of rose-coloured silk, and the vice-chancellor in his severely simple dress of scarlet cloth and white fur, made an interesting picture as for a moment they awaited the coming of the King of Siam.

In a very short time his Majesty also mounted the stairs, preceded, like the vice-chancellor, by the beds, bearing their silver insignia of office, and followed by four of his suite and of the Siam Legation. He was wearing his robes as a doctor of laws, and the Public Orator, Dr. Sandys, lost no time in introducing him to the vice-chancellor. In a Latin speech of great length he referred to his Majesty's industry on his subjects' behalf, his acquaintance with European systems of law, and his kindly feeling towards this country. After regretting the fact that the King was unable with his own eyes to see the University which thus welcomed him, Dr. Sandys concluded by making a presentation of the King to the congregation. The vice-chancellor responded by formally admitting him to the doctor's degree. In English he then invited his Majesty to sit upon a chair at his right hand, and, after a moment's pause, in the same language sought the King's permission to dismiss the congregation. The procession was reformed, the vice-chancellor and the new Royal doctor quitting the gallery together and the little ceremony, which in all only lasted ten minutes, was over.

## MARK TWAIN IN LONDON.

Rising from his three hours' after breakfast nap, Mark Twain looked out of his window and searched for Midsummer.

An "Evening News" representative, who called to apologise on behalf of the British nation for the fact that Midsummer and its Day had missed each other, asked for a suitable expression on the subject.

The reply was that Mr. Clemens, not being as young as he used to be, had to take care of his constitution, and avoid exciting and exhaustive speeches. The interviewer was requested to get a dictionary and help himself.

After ascertaining that his secretary was alive in spite of the ravages of callers upon his vitality, Mark Twain put on his clothes and smoked several cigars to bring himself an appetite for lunch.

The rum turning out unsuccessful, he took Mr. Ashcroft with him to represent him on the hearer's course.

Mr. Clemens' lunch engagement was with Sir Norman and Lady Lockyer, who are close friends of the great humourist.

Mark Twain's next appointment was with Mr. I. P. O'Connor to have tea on the Terrace. He would be in time for the debate on the Lords, he considered if he could get a passage in time to qualify for a seat in the Peers' Gallery, so that he might escape from the weather, and be lulled to sleep by the speeches.

He has devoted his week-end to planning a way to become a Maharajah. The Indian dresses at the Windsor garden party have quite charmed him, and if he can get a second-hand one cheap he may wear it when he lands in New York.

But if it is possible he will find a place where there is a vacancy for a Maharajah, and wear a dozen velvet costumes a day.

The "Punch" dinner to Mark Twain was fixed for July 9, at the famous "Punch" table, and if all goes well Mark Twain hopes to present the staff with a brand new joke, first taking it to the Patent Office and having its points minutely described on a registered specification.

He accepted an invitation from the Lord Mayor of Liverpool to a banquet on July 10.

## A 300-TON SAFE.

The bank-breaker will have to be a wonderfully expert crackman to be able to loot the most recent design of the New York bank safe.

One put in the strong vault of the new Chemical Bank building is a marvel of construction in iron and steel work. It is apparently built for a lifetime, and meant to defy not only ordinary bank robbers but every conceivable danger of earthquake, civil riots, and the crack of doom itself. A succession of dynamite explosions might conceivably shatter the safe and dislodge its inner recesses and the securities entrusted to them, but it is difficult to forecast any imaginable circumstances even in red revolution under which such a result would be attempted. It is significant, however, that though there has been no instance in the last quarter of a century of a bank's steel safe being broken through, the New York banks are aiming at the same of security.

The vault in which the Chemical Bank's safe is deposited goes down to a depth of forty feet. The foundation and walls are of heavy masonry and concrete, and in the vault itself the safe rests on a number of concrete piers. A narrow passage runs round three sides, and by an ingenious arrangement of mirrors the watchman passing along the gateway in front can see every part of the back and sides, as well as the open niches under the safe. The safe itself weighs 300 tons. There are five layers of steel, made by the best processes and the open hearth method. The outer door has a weight of six tons, is 10 ft. high, 20 ft. wide, and 20 ft. long, and the inner door is of proportionate dimensions.

Another peculiar protective device is an arrangement of steam-pipes along the passages, from which, in case of a riot and an attack upon the bank jets of hot steam could play upon the safe, scalding the assailants. The safe is the outcome of fifty years' experience of safe building.

An equally remarkable device for immediately announcing the presence of an intruder and entering burglar is the toll-like disguised tinfoil curtain, with which electric wires are connected from the janitor's apartments in the upper part of the building. Pressure upon the wall of the safe will set the bell ringing, and promptly bring upon the scene the Cerberus of the bank.

## THE KING'S PRIZE.

For the fourth time in the history of the Queen's and King's Prize at Wimbledon formerly, and now at Bisley at the annual rifle meeting of the National Rifle Association has the great honour of the year fallen to a Colonial marksman. Canada, with Heyhurst and Perry, has won it twice, and once has it gone to a Channel Islander in the person of Frank de Guernsey. This year it has been won by a lion. Addition of the Australian rifle team, with an aggregate over the three stages of 318 points. This is six points less than the winning score of last year when Captain Davies won with the extremely fine total of 324. A Colonial, Trooper Ormer, of Rhodesia, coming second with 323. But it is three points better than the winning score of 1905, when Armourer-Sergeant Comber came out first with 315 points. A very unfortunate incident has marked the contest for the King's Prize this year, as the telegram tells us, Armourer W. G. Padgett, of the 1st Vol. Batt., East Yorkshire Reg., had fished with 319, or one point more than the Australian man. But it was found, on a protest being made, that he had claimed, on the ground that his cartridge was bad, to fire an extra round, and apparently that was allowed by the Range Officer in charge at that particular section of the firing points. This seems to us to have been altogether wrong, for even if it is a case of bad luck, the discharge of the rifle must be held to constitute a shot for the purpose of the competition, if the trigger has been pulled. If there has been no discharge of the rifle, as in the case of a misfire owing to some defect of the striker in the breech action, or a faulty cap, or deteriorated cordite in the cartridge, it cannot be affirmed that there has been a shot for the purpose of the competition. In such a case there would be a fresh cartridge supplied, and the defective cartridge would be taken possession of for examination. In one of the rules it is provided that "when once a competitor has taken up his position for firing he shall not from the competition or has completed his firing, but leave may be given by the Range Officer to any competitor who may find it necessary, by reason of a mishap to his rifle or ammunition, to fall out for the purpose of rectifying it, or blowing off." This rule confers a certain discretion on the Range Officer in specified contingencies, but if we are to understand the phrase "extra shot" in the telegram as meaning that there was no discovery of the defective cartridge until it was actually fired, it is clear, we think, that the Range Officer acted quite outside his powers, and contrary to the spirit, let alone the letter, of the rule. The Officer in charge of the Range Officers' Department would also report the case to the Committee, of whom most of the members are on the spot throughout the meeting, and the committee can thus be convened at the shortest notice. There can be no doubt that the proper decision was arrived at, and the value of the points made by the extra shot were deleted from the score.—Singapore Free Press.

## PROFESSOR HAECKEL'S LECTURE.

Professor Haeckel, of Jena, the eminent biologist, whose public appearances are exceedingly rare, lectured recently before a distinguished audience of scientists from all parts of Germany on the "Problem of Man." The Zoological Institute of the University of Jena produced all its treasures, skeletons of a gorilla, of man of various races, of apes, a decorating the platform.

After paying a tribute to the early work of the Swedish naturalist, Linnaeus, as the predecessor of Darwin in the theory of descent, Haeckel claimed Darwin as the man who has laid for all time the morphological relationship of man and apes. It is not to be understood by relationship, said the lecturer, that man has been descended from some existing type of ape, but rather that he and the existing anthropoids had one common ancestor—perhaps in the remote Tertiary period—that this ancestor was descended from a still more remote "half-ape," which in turn descended from some insect-eating beast of mammal affinity.

The line of descent, claimed Haeckel, is now accepted by scientists with greater certainty than any theory about the descent of the elephant or the whale. As for the religious or philosophical consequences of such a theory, it was immaterial whether man's origin was found in the region of apes or in that of any other species of mammalia; for example, the sheep, as Professor Virchow once sarcastically suggested. However our pride may rebel against this theory of descent, it remains a fact that no group of animals approaches nearer to man than the apes.

Professor Haeckel paid a eloquent tribute to Huxley for his work showing how close their relationship was. Dealing with the objections of those who point out anatomical differences in the legs, feet, brain, &c., who lay stress on man's consciousness of good and evil, his sympathies, his nobler feelings, Haeckel said that, patently, these objections had his entire sympathy, though these objections had his entire sympathy, though these objections had his entire sympathy, though these objections had his entire sympathy.

How to be beautiful—Keep your complexion, Mrs. Ellen's Crème Chamoise, Lait Chamoise and Special Skin Tonic and Poudre Chamoise will enable you to do it. Her Specialties for the Skin are the study of a lifetime. A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd., Sole Agents.

654.

## LADIES' AND GENTS' BOOTS AND SHOES.

EASTMAN KODAKS, CAMERAS AND PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS.

PRICES MODERATE.

## A TACK &amp; CO.,

25, DES VOUX ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1907. 39

## A Good Appetite

comes only by having a perfect acting liver and good digestion—both can easily be obtained by using

## Beecham's Pills.

They are a reliable remedy for the cure of

BILIOUSNESS, LASSITUDE, POOR APPETITE, IMPAIRED DIGESTION, COSTIVENESS,

WIND & PAINS IN THE STOMACH, DISCOMFORT AFTER MEALS,

and all other troubles which arise from a disordered liver or stomach. They cleanse the system, give tone to the digestive organs, and will, if taken according to directions, restore you to sound and vigorous health.

BECHAM'S PILLS are specially suitable for females of all ages.

Sold at all Drug Stores and by all Medicine Vendors. In boxes, price 6d., 1s. 4s. and 2s.

## Nature's Own Food

The concentrated nourishment of Fresh Milk

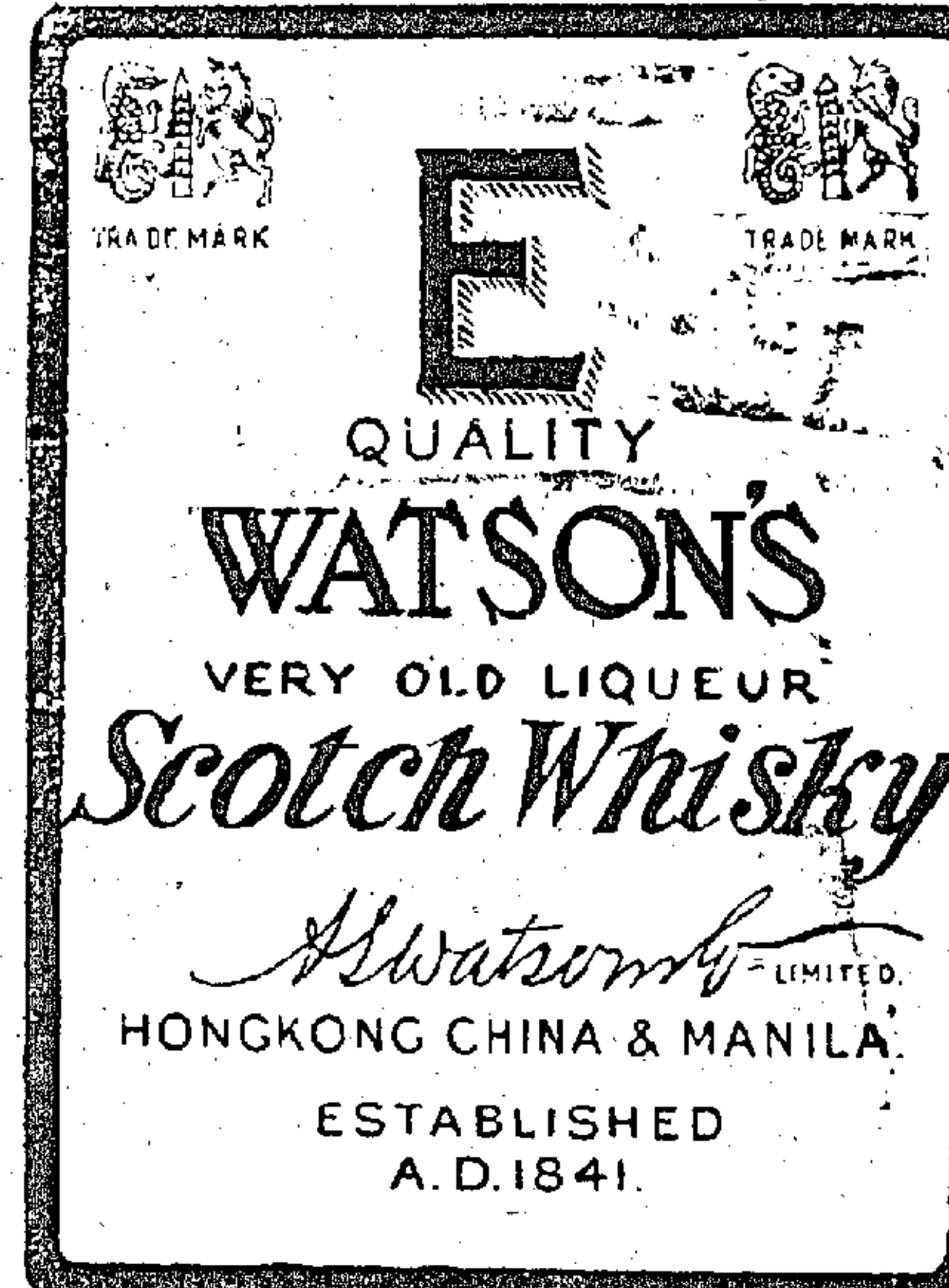
## PLASMON

One ounce contains more food value than a beef steak.

TRY PLASMON OATS COCOA Go twice as far as any others

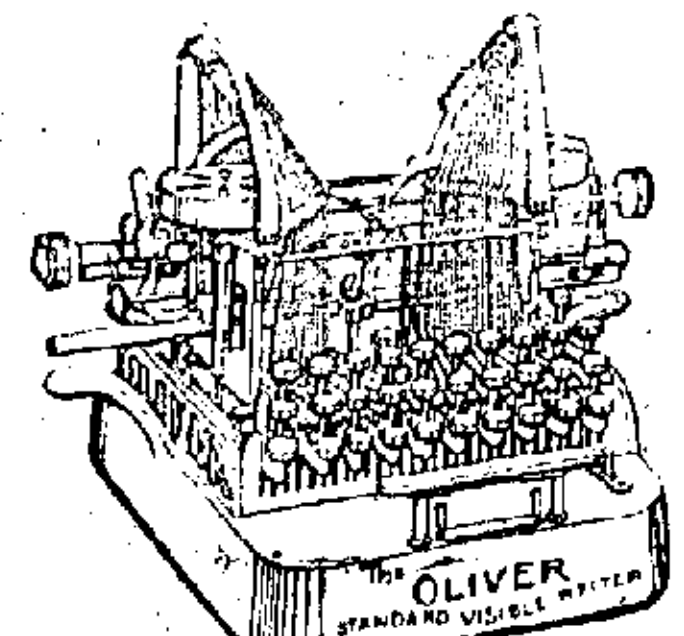
## NEW LABEL

## WATSON'S "E" WHISKY



NOTE:—THE BORDER AND TRADE MARKS ON THE LABEL ARE IN GOLD; THE LETTER "E" LITHOGRAPHED IN BLACK, OR ALSO SHADDED IN GOLD; WHILE THE THREE CENTRAL LINES "WATSON'S VERY OLD LIQUEUR SCOTCH WHISKY" ARE LITHOGRAPHED IN RED; THE OTHER PORTIONS OF THE LABEL ARE IN BLACK. THE CAPSULE ALSO BEARS FACSIMILE SIGNATURE.

1147



## THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER.

VISIBILITY. SIMPLICITY. DURABILITY.

UNRIVALLED FOR DUPLICATION, WRITING IN SIGHT, UNIVERSAL KEYBOARD.

TYPEWRITER RIBBONS and supplies for ALL Machines kept in Stock.

## OLIVER TYPEWRITER CO., LTD.

1, PRINCE'S BUILDINGS.

Hongkong, 24th July, 1906.

1055

FOR EUROPE & AMERICA, INDIA, AUSTRALIA, &c., and for

PRIVATE RESIDENTS AT THE OUTPOSTS. A Comprehensive and Complete Record of the

NEWS OF THE FAR EAST is given in the

HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS.

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## SHIPPING.

## ARRIVALS.

CHONGHONG, German str., 1,021, P. Hays, 28th July—Bangkok 22nd July, Rice and Wood—Butterfield & Swire.  
 CHOWT, German str., 1,115, V. Moller, 28th July—Bangkok 20th July, Rice and Teakwood—Butterfield & Swire.  
 HAITAN, French str., 377, Anderson, 28th July—Haiphong 27th July, General—A. R. Marly.  
 HELIOPOLIS, British str., 2,967, Martin, 28th July—Durban 2nd July—Gibb, Livingstone & Co.  
 HUE, French str., 765, J. Pannier, 28th July—Haiphong, Hoilow and Kwang Chow Wan 28th July, General—A. R. Marly.  
 HUE, French str., 1,264, A. Mathias, 27th July—Haiphong 26th July, General—Butterfield & Swire.  
 KANG CHING, Chinese str., 28th July—Canton.  
 LANDRAT, German str., 1,012, H. Grandt, 28th July—Wakamatsu 28th July, Coal's—Siemssen & Co.  
 MARCELLES, German str., 2,142, A. Lehrenge, 28th July—Singapore 21st July, General—Hamburg Amerika Linie.  
 NEW YORK, German str., 1,925, J. H. Scott, 28th July—Saigon 25th July, Rice and General—Chinese.  
 NORWEGIAN, Norwegian str., 1,671, Thos. Schuyler, 28th July—Saigon 28th July, General—Wallen & Co.  
 SAMSON, German str., 998, P. Schmetz, 28th July—Bangkok 20th July via Swatow 17th July, Rice and Sundries—Butterfield & Swire.  
 TAIWAN, British str., 1,100, J. A. Martin, 28th July—Saigon 25th July, Rice—Chinese.  
 TAIWAN, German str., 3,579, Bendixen, 28th July—Haiphong 26th July, General and Rice—Jensen & Co.  
 WIK, German str., 2,829, H. Carsten, 28th July—Haiphong 14th June, General—Hamburg Amerika Linie.  
 YOKOHAMA, Japanese str., 3,167, K. Sato, 28th July—Mitsui 2nd July, General.  
 YOKOHAMA, Japanese str., 1,201, J. H. Brown, 28th July—Shanghai 28th July via Swatow 18th July, General—Butterfield & Swire.

## CLEARANCES.

A. THE HARBOR MASTER'S OFFICE.  
 28th July.  
 HAITAN, French str., for Haiphong.  
 HAITAN, Norwegian str., for Haiphong.  
 LANDRAT, German str., for Canton.  
 MARCELLES, German str., for Shanghai.  
 MICHAEL, German str., for Swatow.  
 WIK, German str., for Shanghai.

## DEPARTURES.

FECHING, Chinese str., for Canton.  
 HAITAN, British str., for Swatow.  
 HAITAN, British str., for Chefoo.  
 MAGALAN, American str., for Saigon.  
 NANIWA, Japanese str., for Japan.  
 SHIMIZU, Japanese str., for Japan.

## VESSELS IN DOCK.

28th July.  
 ARRIVALS DOCKS.—  
 KOWLOON DOCKS.—Vigilante, H.M.S. Robin.  
 COMMERCE DOCKS.—Kaitang.

## VESSELS ON THE BERTH

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALCUTTA.

## THE Steamship.

"LIGHTNING."  
 Captain E. Foy, will be despatched for the above Ports TO-DAY, the 30th inst., at 1 P.M.  
 For Freight or Passage, apply to  
 DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.,  
 Agents.  
 Hongkong, 28th July, 1907. 1243

## DAMPSCHEIFFS RHEDEBET "UNION"

ACTIEN-GESELLSCHAFT.

## FOR NEW YORK.

(With Liberty to Call at the Malabar Coast.)

## THE Steamship.

"VERONA."  
 Captain Dobson, will be despatched for the above Port on or about the 29th July, 1907.  
 For Freight, apply to  
 CARLOWITZ & Co.,  
 Agents.  
 Hongkong, 28th July, 1907. 1198

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW AMOY AND FOCHOW.

## THE Company's Steamship.

"HAITAN."  
 Captain J. S. Borch, will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 1st August, at Noon.  
 For Freight or Passage apply to  
 DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co.,  
 General Managers.  
 Hongkong, 29th July, 1907. 1271

## SOUTH AFRICAN LINE.

FOR DURBAN.

## THE Steamship.

"HELIOPOLIS."  
 Captain Martin, will be despatched for the above Port on or about TUESDAY, the 20th August.  
 For Freight, apply to  
 GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,  
 Agents.  
 Hongkong, 28th July 1907. 1233

## TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

Regular Steamship Service between Hongkong, CALLAO AND IQUIQUE, VIA JAPAN PORTS (Kobe and Yokohama).  
 With option to Call at Mexican and other Coast Ports.

Steamers Tons To Sail  
 "GLENFARG" 3,500 Mid. of Aug.  
 "KAFATO MARU" 6,100 End of Sept.  
 Taking Freight and Passengers to other Eastern and Western Coast Ports of South America in connection with Steamers of the Pacific S. N. Co.

K. MATSUDA, Manager,  
 York Buildings,  
 Hongkong, 30th July, 1907. 10

## VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING

To ascertain the anchorage of any Vessel, the Harbour has been divided into Four Sections commencing from Green Island. Vessels anchoring nearest Kowloon are marked "k." nearest Hongkong "h." midway between Hongkong and Kowloon "m." and those vessels berthed at the Kowloon Wharf "k.w." together with the number denoting the section.

## SECTIONS.

1. From Green Island to the Harbour Master's. 2. From Harbour Master's to Blake Pier. 3. From Blake Pier to Naval Yard. 4. From Naval Yard to East Point.

DESTINATION	VESSEL'S NAME	FLAG & REG.	BERTH	CAPTAIN	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO	TO BE DESPATCHED
LONDON &c. VIA USUAL PORTS OF CALL.	DELHI	Brit. str.	—	T. H. Hyde, R.N.R.	P. & O. S. N. Co.	On 10th Aug. at Noon.
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP.	NYANZA	Brit. str.	—	H. S. Bradshaw	P. & O. S. N. Co.	About 31st inst.
COPENHAGEN & ST. PETERSBURG.	TOKIN	Freem. str.	—	Monton	MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.	On 6th Aug. at 1 P.M.
HAYRE & HAMBURG VIA STRAITS &c.	SOIRUDNIK	Dan. str.	—	Winnenberg	MELCHERS & Co.	Middle of September.
NAPLES, GENOA, GIBRALTAR SOUTHAMPTON &c.	SAXONIA	Ger. str.	k.w.	Winnenberg	HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	On 20th August.
NAPLES, HAYRE & HAMBURG.	SLAVONIA	Ger. str.	k.w.	C. Woltemas	HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	On 17th September.
NAPLES, PLYMOUTH, HAYRE & HAMBURG.	PRINZ LUDWIG	Ger. str.	k.w.	von Dohren	HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	To-morrow, at 6 P.M.
DURBAN	HABSBURG	Ger. str.	k.w.	Filler	HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	On 7th August.
NEW YORK	HELIOPOLIS	Brit. str.	—	Martin	GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.	About 20th August.
NEW YORK	TUDOR PRINCE	Am. str.	—	McDougal	ARNHOLD, KARBBERG & Co.	About 15th August.
NEW YORK	VERONA	Ger. str.	—	Dolenz	CARLOWITZ & Co.	About 29th inst.
VANCOUVER VIA SHANGHAI JAPAN, &c.	ABERLOUE	Am. str.	—	—	SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.	On 23rd August.
VANCOUVER VIA SHANGHAI JAPAN, &c.	SATSUMA	Brit. str.	2 m.	—	DODWELL & Co., Ltd.	On 7th September.
VICTORIA (B.C.) & TACOMA VIA JAPAN.	EMPEROR OF INDIA	Am. str.	1 m.	—	CANADIAN PACIFIC R. Co.	On 1st Aug. at 4 P.M.
CALLAO AND IQUIQUE, VIA JAPAN PORTS, &c.	MONTEAGUE	Am. str.	—	E. V. Roberts	CANADIAN PACIFIC R. Co.	On 14th Aug. at Noon.
AUSTRALIAN PORTS VIA MANILA	CHIENHUAO	Jap. str.	—	—	DODWELL & Co., Ltd.	On 15th August.
AUSTRALIAN PORTS VIA MANILA	CHIKOTU	Brit. str.	—	W. B. Brown	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	Middle of August.
YOKOHAMA AND KOBE	PRINZ WALDEMAR	Ger. str.	—	W. von Senden	MELCHERS & Co.	On 3rd Aug. at 4 P.M.
NAGASAKI & VLADIVOSTOK	TAIYUAN	Brit. str.	—	L. Dawson	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	On 15th Aug. at Noon.
JAPAN	YAROSLAV	Rus. str.	—	Kamieski	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	To-day, at 4 P.M.
TSINGTAO, NAGASAKI & VLADIVOSTOK	TUJILWONG	Dut. str.	—	Jarriance	HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	To-day, at Noon.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	KOWLOON	Ger. str.	—	—	MELCHERS & Co.	On 2nd August.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	P. R. LUTHER	Ger. str.	—	H. Kirchner	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.	About 30th inst.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	KWONGSANG	Ger. str.	k.w.	W. P. Baker	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.	To-morrow, at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	FOOKSANG	Brit. str.	—	Filler	HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	On 1st August.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	PAIWA	Brit. str.	—	W. E. Saver	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.	On 2nd Aug. at 3 P.M.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	POLYNESIAN	Fr. str.	—	G. W. Cockman, R.N.R.	P. & O. S. N. Co.	About 2nd August.
SHANGHAI VIA SWATOW, AMOY & FOCHOW	SHOSHU MARU	Jap. str.	—	Broc	MESSAGERIES MARITIMES	About 5th August.
SHANGHAI	MARSHUA	Brit. str.	—	M. Nemoto	OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA	On 6th Aug. at 10 A.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	SOIRUDNIK	Dan. str.	—	G. H. C. Weston, R.N.R.	P. & O. S. N. Co.	About 8th August.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	SLAVONIA	Ger. str.	k.w.	Winnenberg	HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	Middle of August.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	TRAKUBAR	Dan. str.	—	—	MELCHERS & Co.	End of August.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	FUKUSHU MARU	Jap. str.	—	T. H. Hyde	OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA	On 7th Aug. at 9 A.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	DAIIN MARU	Jap. str.	—	I. Sakura	OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA	On 4th Aug. at 10 A.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Jap. str.	2 h.	J. S. Reuch	DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co.	On 1st Aug. at Noon.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	G. Hooker	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	To-morrow, at Noon.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	J. H. Brown	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	On 1st Aug. at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	T. W. Pickard	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	On 1st Aug. at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Jap. str.	—	G. Nakao	OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA	To-morrow, at 10 A.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	A. Mathias	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	On 4th Aug. at 10 A.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	A. W. Underbridge	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	To-day, at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	F. Wheeler	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.	On 2nd Aug. at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	A. Fraser	SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.	On 3rd Aug. at Noon.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	R. Almond	SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.	On 10th Aug. at Noon.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	Finlayson	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	On 3rd Aug. at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	F. Semblil	MELCHERS & Co.	To-day, at 9 A.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	E. Fey	DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.	To-day, at 1 P.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	Bradley	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.	On 3rd Aug. at 3 P.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Dut. str.	—	H. Koops	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.	Quick despatch.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE	YOKOHAMA	Brit. str.	—	Ross Core	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.	On 3rd Aug. at 3 P.M.



## HONGKONG-MANILA.

Highest Class, newest, fastest and most luxurious Steamers between Hongkong and Manila. Saloon amidships. Electric Light. Perfect Cuisine. SURGEON and STEWARDESS carried. All the most up-to-date arrangements for comfort of Passengers.

## CHINA AND MANILA

STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

STEAMSHIP	Tons.	CAPTAIN	FOR	SAILING DATE.
ZAFIRO	2540	A. Fraser	Manila	On 3rd Aug., Noon.
RUBI	2540	R. W. Almond	Manila	On 10th Aug., Noon.

For Freight or Passage apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong 30th July, 1907. 15

## HONGKONG-NEW YORK.

AMERICAN ASIATIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PORTS AND SUEZ CANAL.

(WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT THE MALABAR COAST.)

S.S. "ABERLOUE" ... On 23rd August.

For freight and further information apply to

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS.

Hongkong, 30th July, 1907. 16

## EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

COPENHAGEN, SINGAPORE, BANGKOK & SHANGHAI.

## RUSSIAN EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

ST. PETERSBURG & VLADIVOSTOK.

## PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION STEAMERS DATE OF SAILING.

SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA and KOBE "SOIRUDNIK" ... Middle of August

SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA and KOBE "TRAFQUEBAR" ... End of August

COPENHAGEN and ST. PETERSBURG "SOIRUDNIK" ... Middle of Sept.

For Further Particulars, apply to

MELCHERS & CO.,

AGENTS.

Hongkong 30th July, 1907. 9

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOH. "KWONGSANG" ... Wednesday, 1st July, 4 P.M.

FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOH. "FOOKSANG" ... Friday, 2nd Aug., 3 P.M.

FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOH. "LOONGSANG" ... Friday, 2nd Aug., 4 P.M.

FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOH. "KUTSANG" ... Saturday, 3rd Aug., 3 P.M.

FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOH. "ONSAK" ... Saturday, 3rd Aug., 3 P.M.

REDUCED FARES TO STRAITS AND CALCUTTA.

Hongkong to Singapore 1st Class, Single \$ 85. Return \$100.

Penang " 65. " 100.

Calcutta " 155. " 250.

\* These Steamers have superior accommodation for First-Class Passengers and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

† Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Chefoo, Tientsin, Newchwang and Yangtze Ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,

Hongkong, 30th July, 1907. 18

## NORTHERN PACIFIC LINE.

BOSTON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CONNECTING AT TACOMA WITH

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

VICTORIA, B.C. AND TACOMA

VIA

MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamers Tons Captain Sailing Date.

SHAWMUT ... 9,606 E. V. Roberts ... On 15th August.

TREMONT ... 9,606 T. W. Garlick ... About 10th September.

† Cargo only.

CHEAP FARES, EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION, ATTENDANCE AND

CUISINE. ELECTRIC LIGHT, DOCTOR AND STEWARDESS.

The twin-crow s.s. "SHAWMUT" and "TREMONT" are fitted with very Superior

Accommodation for First and Second Class Passengers. The large size of these vessels ensures

steadiness at sea. Electric fan in each room. Barber's shop and steam laundry. Cargo carrier

in cold storage.

PARCEL EXPRESS TO THE UNITED STATES & CANADA.

For further information apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,

GENERAL AGENTS.

QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, Hongkong 30th July, 1907. 7

## HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

PASSENGER SERVICE.

By the new steamers, "BREHANIA," "HABSBURG" and "HOHENSTAUFEN." These

steamers offer to the public the highest comfort yet attained in ocean travelling. They

have very large cabins, provided WITH ONLY LOWER BERTHS. The cabins are

amidship and fitted with fans. Laundry on Board. Doctor and Stewardsesses carried.

These steamers call at PLYMOUTH homeward, at SOUTHAMPTON outward and at

NAPLES in both directions.

In addition to these boats, the steamers "SCANDIA" and "SILESTIA" carry first-class passengers

Return tickets issued at reduced rates available for two years. Through tickets to be

had to New York via Naples and Hamburg.

OUTWARD.

FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA.

HABSBURG ... 1st August

RHENANIA ... 1st September

HOHENSTAUFEN ... 1st October

SILESTIA ... 2nd November

HOMEWARD.

FOR THE STRAITS COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, NAPLES, PLYMOUTH, HAYRE & HAMBURG

SCANDIA ... 7th August

HABSBURG ... 4th September

RHENANIA ... 4th October

FREIGHT SERVICE.

NEXT SAILINGS OUTWARD.

HABSBURG ... FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA ... 1st Aug.

SLAVONIA ... FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA ... 14th Aug.

LIBERIA ... FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA ... 26th Aug.







